ASRC Searcher: Jeanne Horrigan Serial 09/932304 July 22, 2003 . 1:ERIC 1966-2003/Jul 15 File 121:Brit.Education Index 1976-2003/Q2 File 437: Education Abstracts 1983-2003/Jun File 34:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1990-2003/Jul W2 File 434:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1974-1989/Dec File 98:General Sci Abs/Full-Text 1984-2003/Jun File 99:Wilson Appl. Sci & Tech Abs 1983-2003/Jun Items Description Set AU='HERMAN TM' 14 S1 AU='HERMAN T' 88 S2 13 AU='PATRICK MH' s3 AU='GERVASI V' 4 S4 65085 MODEL? (S) MOLECULE? S5 S1:S4 AND S5 0 \$6 File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS 1978-2003/Jul W02 File 349:PCT FULLTEXT 1979-2002/UB=20030717,UT=20030710 Items Description Set 2 AU='HERMAN TIMOTHY' S1 6 AU='HERMAN TIMOTHY L' s2 6 AU='PATRICK MICHAEL' s3 191290 MOLECULE? S4 S1:S3 AND S4 Ω S_5 File 350:Derwent WPIX 1963-2003/UD,UM &UP=200346 File 347: JAPIO Oct 1976-2003/Mar(Updated 030703) File 371: French Patents 1961-2002/BOPI 200209 Items Description Set 6 AU='HERMAN T M' \$1 2 AU='PATRICK M H' OR AU='PATRICK M HOGAN' s2 6 AU='GERVASI V' OR AU='GERVASI V R' s3 1 AU='VIKBERG G' S4 13 AU='HERMAN T' S5 AU='HERMAN T M L' 1 56 (S1 OR S5 OR S6) AND S2 AND S3 AND S4 1 **S7** 835 MODEL? (S) MOLECULE? S8 (S1:S6 AND S8) NOT S7 S9 0 (Item 1 from file: 350) 7/34/1 DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX (c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv. 014786705 WPI Acc No: 2002-607411/200265 Model of a molecule having an element and force acting on element, has elongated strand extending along path of element and connecting leg between strand along path corresponding to vector along which force acts on element Patent Assignee: MILWAUKEE SCHOOL ENG (MILW-N)

Inventor: GERVASI V R; HERMAN T M; PATRICK M H; VIKBERG G

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:
Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week

US 20020076682 A1 20020620 US 99439324 A 19991112 200265 B

US 2001932304 A 20010817

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2001932304 A 20010817; US 99439324 A 19991112

Patent Details:

NOVELTY - A model of a molecule with 1st and 2nd elements (E1 and 2), and a force delineating three-dimensional path, acting on E1 and 2 along a vector, comprising 1st and 2nd elongated strands (ES1,ES2) extending along a 1st and 2nd path corresponding to E1 and 2, respectively, and connecting leg between ES1 and 2 along a 3rd path corresponding to vector along which the force acts on E1 and 2, is new.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - A model of a molecule (MM) having E1, E2 in spaced relation from E1, and a force delineating a three-dimensional path, acting on E1 and E2 along a vector, comprises ES1 extending along a first path corresponding to E1, ES2 extending along a second path spaced from the first path and corresponding to E2, and a connecting leg extending between ES1 and ES2 along a third path corresponding to the vector along which the force acts on E1 and E2.

INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following:

- (1) a macro-molecule construction kit comprises several amino acid backbone units, each amino acid backbone unit represents an assembly of atoms, several hydrogen bond units coupleable to amino acid backbone units, and several side chain units coupleable to each amino acid backbone units; and
- (2) a nucleic acid construction kit, comprises several base units, each one of the base units representing an assembly of atoms, several hydrogen bond units coupleable between each base unit, several sugar units representing an assembly of atoms and coupleable to each base units, and several phosphate units representing an assembly of atoms and coupleable to each sugar units.

USE - MM is useful for studying the three-dimensional model of a complex structure and its function that assist in gaining a more complete understanding of the functional consequences of the three dimensional structure. MM is also useful for representing a configuration of a variety of complex structures, including both microscopic structures and structures of a large scale e.g., protein.

ADVANTAGE - MM is easy to use, affordable and is an accurate three-dimensional model of a complex structure. $\dot{}$

pp; 42 DwgNo 0/33 -

Technology Focus:

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - BIOTECHNOLOGY - Preferred Model: In MM, ES1, ES2, and the connecting legs are made of a single piece of material. The model is fabricated using a solid free form fabrication method which is one of sterolithography, selective laser sintering, fused deposition modeling, and laminated object manufacturing. The molecule includes several elements and where ES1 corresponds to a first subset of number of elements, where ES2 corresponds to a second subset of a number of elements, and where a force acts on at least two of the elements. The elements are alpha carbons and the force acting on at least two of the elements is a hydrogen bond between at least two of the alpha carbons. The molecule includes a side chain and the model includes a branch representing the side chain and is coupled to at least one of ES1 and ES2. The molecule includes a substrate and the model includes a spherical member representing the substrate and coupled to at least one of ES1 and ES2. At least one of ES1, ES2, the

connecting leg, the branch, and the spherical member are color-coded according to an atomic color scheme which is Corey, Pauling, Kultin color scheme. The atomic color scheme includes at least one of gray representing carbon, white representing hydrogen, red representing oxygen, blue representing nitrogen, orange representing iron or phosphorus, and yellow representing sulfur. The model includes at least two segments and the segments have respective ends having engagement surfaces affording interconnection of the two segments. One of the two segments includes a male slide connector engagement surface and the other segments includes a female slide connector engagement surface. The male slide connector engagement surface and the female slide connector engagement surface are adapted to be interconnected in a single orientation. The engagement surfaces are joined with a deformable piece of material, allowing the segments to move with respect to one another, while preventing the segments from completely separating from one another. The molecule is preferably a protein such as adenosine tri-phosphate-ase, beta-globin, calmodulin, chymotrypsin, green fluorescent protein, human immunodeficiency virus protease, lysozyme, myosin, p53, zif268, zinc finger, major histocompatibility complex, immunoglobulin, lac repressor or beta-galactosidase.

Extension Abstract:

WIDER DISCLOSURE - Making a three-dimensional model of a molecule is also disclosed.

Derwent Class: B04; D16; J04; P85

International Patent Class (Main): G09B-023/26

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File 148:Gale Group Trade & Industry DB 1976-2003/Jul 22
File 88:Gale Group Business A.R.T.S. 1976-2003/Jul 15
File 16:Gale Group PROMT(R) 1990-2003/Jul 22
File 621: Gale Group New Prod. Annou. (R) 1985-2003/Jul 22
File 484: Periodical Abs Plustext 1986-2003/Jul W2
File 636: Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM) 1987-2003/Jul 22
File 649: Gale Group Newswire ASAP(TM) 2003/Jul 15
File 47: Gale Group Magazine DB(TM) 1959-2003/Jul 14
File 149:TGG Health&Wellness DB(SM) 1976-2003/Jul W1
File 810:Business Wire 1986-1999/Feb 28
File 160: Gale Group PROMT (R) 1972-1989
File 15:ABI/Inform(R) 1971-2003/Jul 19
File 613:PR Newswire 1999-2003/Jul 22
File 813:PR Newswire 1987-1999/Apr 30
File 95:TEME-Technology & Management 1989-2003/Jul W1
      9:Business & Industry(R) Jul/1994-2003/Jul 21
        Items Description
        12594
               MOLECUL? (3N) MODEL????
               TEACH ??? OR EDUCAT? OR LEARN ???
      5580947
S2
       91959
                AMINO()ACID? ?
S3
      1442018
                PHYSICAL
S4
    17242576
                3 OR THREE
S5
S6
      6023352
                D OR DIMENSIONAL
                S5()S6
s7
      313957
       281611
S8
                3D
       547421
                S7:S8
S9
                S4(3W)S9(3W)S1
S10
           0
S11
          704
                S4 AND S9 AND S1
S12
           46
                S4(S)S9(S)S1
           7 $12/2000:2003
S13
           39
                S12 NOT S13
514
                RD (unique items)
S15
          26
          26
                Sort S15/ALL/PD,D
S16
         363
                S1(S)S3
S17
S18
          44
                S9(S)S17
          40
                S18 NOT S12
S19
         26
                RD (unique items)
S20
          6
                $20/2000:2003
S21
          20
                S20 NOT S21
S22
          20
                Sort S22/ALL/PD,D
S23
        . 20
                S1(3N)S3
S24
S25
          19
                S24 NOT (S12 OR S18)
           15
S26
                RD (unique items)
                S26/2000:2003
s27
           6
          9.
S28
                S26 NOT S27
            9
                Sort S28/ALL/PD,D
S29
16/8/1
           (Item 1 from file: 88)
DIALOG(R) File 88:(c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.
             SUPPLIER NUMBER: 55160309
The use of molecular modeling and VSEPR theory in the undergraduate
  curriculum to predict the three-dimensional structure of
 molecules. (valence shell electron pair repulsion) (ST)
July, 1999
 COMPANY NAMES: Oxford Molecular Group PLC--Products
 DESCRIPTORS: Chemistry--Study and teaching; Molecules--Models; Simulation
```

methods--Computer programs
GEOGRPAHIC CODES/NAMES: 1USA United States

16/8/2 (Item 2 from file: 484)

DIALOG(R) File 484: (c) 2003 ProQuest. All rts. reserv.

04350322 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)

An integrated molecular modeling and melting point experiment for the organic chemistry laboratory

Jul 1999

DESCRIPTORS: Experiments; Science education; Organic chemistry; Molecular biology; Computer based modeling

SPECIAL FEATURES: References Table

16/8/3 (Item 3 from file: 88)

DIALOG(R) File 88:(c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

05101441 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 54648646

The correlation of physical properties of organic molecules with computed molecular surface areas.

May, 1999

DESCRIPTORS: Molecules--Models; Chemistry--Study and teaching; Surfaces--

Areas and volumes

SPECIAL FEATURES: illustration; Graph

16/8/4 (Item 4 from file: 16)

DIALOG(R) File 16:(c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

06304078 Supplier Number: 54507029 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

CombiChem Screens Chiral Templates.

April, 1999

Word Count: 1247

PUBLISHER NAME: Business Communications Company, Inc.

COMPANY NAMES: *CombiChem Inc.; Chirotech Technology; ChiroChem Discovery

Services

EVENT NAMES: *149 (Joint ventures); 120 (Organizational history)

GEOGRAPHIC NAMES: *1USA (United States)

PRODUCT NAMES: *2830000 (Drugs & Pharmaceuticals)

INDUSTRY NAMES: BUSN (Any type of business); CHEM (Chemicals, Plastics

and Rubber)

NAICS CODES: 3254 (Pharmaceutical and Medicine Manufacturing)

SPECIAL FEATURES: INDUSTRY; COMPANY

16/8/5 (Item 5 from file: 484)

DIALOG(R) File 484: (c) 2003 ProQuest. All rts. reserv.

04152975 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)

Size matters again

Feb 22, 1999

DESCRIPTORS: Supercomputers; Product development

16/8/7 (Item 7 from file: 636)

DIALOG(R) File 636: (c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

03683070 Supplier Number: 47946397 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

CONFERENCE HIGHLIGHTS

Sept 1, 1997

Word Count: 1265

PUBLISHER NAME: CAD/CAM Publishing, Inc.

INDUSTRY NAMES: CMPT (Computers and Office Automation)

July 22, 2003 (Item 8 from file: 16) 16/8/8 DIALOG(R) File 16:(c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv. Supplier Number: 47831748 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT) StereoGraphics Launches Monitor Z-Screen, Delivers Most Advanced Stereoscopic 3D Visualization Overlay for Workstation Displays July 14, 1997 845 Word Count: PUBLISHER NAME: Various COMPANY NAMES: *StereoGraphics Inc. EVENT NAMES: *336 (Product introduction) GEOGRAPHIC NAMES: *1USA (United States) (Display Devices) PRODUCT NAMES: *3679580 INDUSTRY NAMES: BUS (Business, General); BUSN (Any type of business) NAICS CODES: 334419 (Other Electronic Component Manufacturing) TRADE NAMES: Monitor Z-Screen; Z-Screen SPECIAL FEATURES: COMPANY (Item 10 from file: 484) 16/8/10 DIALOG(R) File 484:(c) 2003 ProQuest. All rts. reserv. 02941434 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT) Structure in thin and ultrathin spin-cast polymer films Aug 16, 1996 DESCRIPTORS: Molecules; Polymers; Chemical engineering SPECIAL FEATURES: References Table Graph (Item 12 from file: 484) 16/8/12 DIALOG(R) File 484: (c) 2003 ProQuest. All rts. reserv. (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT) Multimedia chemistry lectures Sep 1994 DESCRIPTORS: Chemistry; Science education; Multimedia computer applications SPECIAL FEATURES: References Photograph (Item 14 from file: 16) DIALOG(R) File 16:(c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv. Supplier Number: 44002342 02956824 DATA IN THE VIDEO AGE August, 1993 PUBLISHER NAME: McGraw-Hill, Inc. EVENT NAMES: *330 (Product information) GEOGRAPHIC NAMES: *1USA (United States) PRODUCT NAMES: *3573000 (Computers & Peripherals); 7372440 (Graphics Software) INDUSTRY NAMES: BUSN (Any type of business); CHEM (Chemicals, Plastics and Rubber) NAICS CODES: 334111 (Electronic Computer Manufacturing); 51121 (Software Publishers) SPECIAL FEATURES: LOB (Item 17 from file: 88) 16/8/17

DIALOG(R)File 88:(c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv. 02931903 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 12561265

The location of bound lipid in the lipovitellin complex.

July 31, 1992

WORD COUNT: 1979 LINE COUNT: 00180

ASRC Searcher: Jeanne Horrigan Serial 09/932304 July 22, 2003 DESCRIPTORS: Lipoproteins--Research; Proteins--Structure; Lipid research --Reports SPECIAL FEATURES: illustration; table; chart; graph 16/8/18 (Item 18 from file: 636) DIALOG(R) File 636:(c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv. 01720954 Supplier Number: 42797683 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT) CCDC AND TRIPOS SIGN PACT FOR DATA ACCESS AND STORAGE March, 1992 737 Word Count: PUBLISHER NAME: Worldwide Videotex INDUSTRY NAMES: BUSN (Any type of business); CMPT (Computers and Office Automation); INTL (Business, International) (Item 19 from file: 149) DIALOG(R) File 149: (c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv. 01299319 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 10927429 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) Hyperactivity: whose problem? Instead of giving mixed signals to our restless youth, we need to listen to the message that they are giving us. 1991 LINE COUNT: 00213 WORD COUNT: 2126 SPECIAL FEATURES: illustration; photograph DESCRIPTORS: Hyperactive children--Education; Attention deficit-hyperactivity disorder--Analysis (Item 20 from file: 148) 16/8/20 DIALOG(R) File 148: (c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv. 04803750 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 09312627 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) Computer package puts chemistry at your fingertips. (reactivity modeling system) August, 1990 LINE COUNT: 00122 WORD COUNT: 1455 SPECIAL FEATURES: illustration; photograph INDUSTRY CODES/NAMES: ENG Engineering and Manufacturing DESCRIPTORS: Three-dimensional display systems--Programming; Chemical reactions--Research; Computer simulation--Computer programs; Chemical' research--Computer programs SIC CODES: 7372 Prepackaged software; 8733 Noncommercial research organizations; 2800 CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS TRADE NAMES: CAChe (Computer graphics software) -- Usage (Item 21 from file: 15) DIALOG(R) File 15:(c) 2003 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv. 00459626 89-31413 GUI Benefits CAE Design, Test LENGTH: 2 Pages DESCRIPTORS: CAE; Computer graphics; Interfaces; Tests CLASSIFICATION CODES: 5240 (CN=Software & systems) 16/8/22 (Item 22 from file: 160) DIALOG(R) File 160:(c) 1999 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv. 02179215 New computational chemistry systems debut May 1, 1989 *Tektronix DUNS: 00-902-0231 TICKER: TEK (NYSE) CUSIP: 879131 COMPANY:

PRODUCT: *Science & Engineering EDP (3573070)

EVENT: *Product Design & Development (33)

COUNTRY: *United States (1USA)

16/8/24 (Item 24 from file: 88)

DIALOG(R) File 88: (c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

02078356 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 06543348

The discovery of crown ethers.

July 29, 1988

WORD COUNT: 2022 LINE COUNT: 00203

DESCRIPTORS: Ethers--Research; Chemistry, Organic--Research; Chelates--

Research

SPECIAL FEATURES: illustration; chart; table; graph

16/8/25 (Item 25 from file: 148)

DIALOG(R) File 148: (c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

03523486 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 06762063 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT)

Color flat-panel displays strut their stuff at SID. (Society for Information Display Symposium)

April 28, 1988

WORD COUNT: 2619 LINE COUNT: 00201

SPECIAL FEATURES: illustration; photograph; chart

INDUSTRY CODES/NAMES: ELEC Electronics; CMPT Computers and Office

Automation

DESCRIPTORS: Society for Information Display--Conferences, meetings, seminars, etc.; Information display systems--Marketing; Video monitors--

SIC CODES: 3812 Search and navigation equipment

16/8/26 (Item 26 from file: 160)

DIALOG(R) File 160:(c) 1999 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv. 01246520

Hypercube emerges as new architecture.

September 2, 1985

PRODUCT: *Digital Computers, Super (3573111)
EVENT: *Product Design & Development (33)

COUNTRY: *United States (1USA)

16/3,AB,K/6 (Item 6 from file: 148)

DIALOG(R) File 148: Gale Group Trade & Industry DB

(c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

10329773 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 20923967 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT)

StereoGraphics Delivers Industry's First Stereo3D Visualization Solution Designed Specifically for Windows NT.

Business Wire, p7210022

July 21, 1998

LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: Fulltext

WORD COUNT: 709 LINE COUNT: 00068

... scientific applications."

StereoGraphics CrystalEyes is a lightweight, wireless eyewear system that delivers high-definition, stereoscopic 3D images in conjunction with compatible software and standard workstation displays. Using CrystalEyes reduces the need for physical prototypes, saving time and development costs. The product has been in use for over a...

...as General Motors, Ford, Boeing and NASA. Many common software applications used in mechanical CAD, **molecular modeling**, GIS and medical imaging support StereoGraphics' CrystalEyes on all major UNIX

platforms and Windows NT...

(Item 9 from file: 16) 16/3,AB,K/9 DIALOG(R) File 16: Gale Group PROMT(R) (c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv. 04833877 Supplier Number: 47112720 StereoGraphics and EDS Unigraphics Revolutionize 3D Design and Development with CrystalEyes Stereoscopic Support in Unigraphics V12 News Release, pN/A Feb 10, 1997 Record Type: Fulltext Language: English Document Type: Magazine/Journal; Trade Word Count: 745 TEXT: Natural 3D -vision and virtual prototyping speeds product design and reduces time to market for Unigraphics V12... ...using CrystalEyes SAN RAFAEL, CALIF., February 10, 1997 -StereoGraphics, the world's leading developer of 3D viewing peripherals, and EDS Unigraphics have announced a partnership to deliver stereoscopic 3D visualization support to Unigraphics' customers. The first result of that partnership is the release of Unigraphics' V12 design and modeling software with built-in support for StereoGraphics CrystalEyes stereoscopic 3D eyewear. The combination of StereoGraphics CrystalEyes and Unigraphics V12 will significantly speed the 3D design process and provide virtual prototyping capabilities to all Unigraphics users. "In today's competitive... ...by allowing designers to view their work in a natural and realistic way -- using stereoscopic 3D . The combination of CrystalEyes and Unigraphics V12 delivers on the need to reduce design costs... ...designintensive organizations." StereoGraphics CrystalEyes is a lightweight, wireless eyewear system that delivers high-definition, stereoscopic 3D images in conjunction with compatible software and standard workstation displays. CrystalEyes allows professionals dealing with... ...and analyze information more quickly and effectively. Many common software applications used in mechanical CAD, molecular GIS/mapping and medical imaging support StereoGraphics CrystalEyes on all major UNIX platforms and Windows... ...views of their models with accurate height, width and depth, eliminating costly and time-consuming physical prototyping. "Because of customer demand and the superior design Capabilities it lends, implementing support for... ...working with their models in a more natural environment." Unigraphics V12 is an assembly-oriented 3D design and drafting software product that incorporates a flexible hybrid approach to geometric construction. The... ...combination of these three design disciplines. Now, Unigraphics users

supports Sun, SGI, HP...
...founded in 1980 to provide a variety of products that enable the realistic viewing of three - dimensional video and computer images.

StereoGraphics products utilize stereoscopic human depth-perception to deliver natural looking 3D in high-resolution for a variety of professional workstation and consumer applications. CrystalEyes,

StereoGraphics' flagship product, has an installed base of over 50,000 users in scientific visualization, GIS/mapping, molecular modeling,

CAD/CAM, and commercial presentation. With SimulEyes, StereoGraphics offers

can visualize models in true stereoscopic **3D** using StereoGraphics CrystalEyes, regardless of the models' design origins. Unigraphics V12

affordable 3D eyewear for the PC gaming and multimedia markets. StereoGraphics' address is 2171 E. Francisco Blvd...

16/3,AB,K/11 (Item 11 from file: 88)

DIALOG(R) File 88: Gale Group Business A.R.T.S.

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03382802 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 15941578

Modeling atoms & molecules: a new lesson for upper elementary & middle school students. (studying biology)

Schwaner, Terry D.; Petty, John T.; Schwaner, Lila A.

The American Biology Teacher, v56, n8, p488(4)

Nov-Dec, 1994

ISSN: 0002-7685 LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: Abstract ABSTRACT: Three - dimensional, dynamic models of atoms and molecules using balloons and BBs can be presented in the upper elementary and middle school science classrooms to prepare students for high school biology. The demonstration involves building atoms with active electrons by placing BBs in balloons and spinning them. The models can help students visualize atoms and molecules' physical and kinetic properties as well as their kinetic energies and how these elements relate to matter states. Demonstration procedures and study questions with answers are included.

16/3,AB,K/13 (Item 13 from file: 88)

DIALOG(R) File 88: Gale Group Business A.R.T.S.

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03129760 · SUPPLIER NUMBER: 14569044

The generation and use of three-dimensional structures. (Computer-Assisted Mechanistic Evaluation of Organic Reaction, part 22)

Gothe, Scott A.; Helson, Harold E.; Houdaverdis, Iordanis; Lagerstedt,

Ingvar; Sinclair, Shenna; Jorgensen, William L.

Journal of Organic Chemistry, v58, n19, p5081(14)

Sept 10, 1993

ISSN: 0022-3263 LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: Abstract ABSTRACT: CAMEO, an interactive computer program, allows the introduction of three - dimensional chemical geometries which are formed and studied. Spatial observations, previously derived from physical molecular models, are obtained through this program. CAMEO exhibits an interaction study period which yields the same information. Mechanistic principles are formed in keeping with the requirements of the structure and availability of the molecule. Reactivity can be hypothesized with the participation of the structure of the molecule and the details of the specificity of the form.

16/3,AB,K/15 (Item 15 from file: 88)

DIALOG(R) File 88: Gale Group Business A.R.T.S.

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02945773 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 12939689

See-and-touch 3-D molecule. (complex molecule models give structure to research) (Brief Article)

Science News, v142, n21, p342(1)

Nov. 21, 1992

CODEN: SCNEB DOCUMENT TYPE: Brief Article

EENT TYPE: Brief Article ISSN: 0036-8423

LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: Fulltext

WORD COUNT: 93 LINE COUNT: 00010

TEXT:

Seeing may aid believing, but feeling aids understanding, especially

when it comes to modeling complex molecules like this binding pocket of a mutant antibody. Michael Pique and Jim Emery of the...
...p.72) to build this true-to-life, copyrighted model. In the eight-hour-long 3 - D printing process, a precisely aimed laser solidifies liquid plastic at specified coordinates. "It's an easy way to develop a physical intuition of what a molecule is like," says Sylvia J. Spengler, a biophysicist at the...

16/3,AB,K/16 (Item 16 from file: 149)

DIALOG(R) File 149:TGG Health&Wellness DB(SM)

(c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

01376662 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 14017918 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT)

Molecular modeling: computer-assisted innovations in drug design. (Doctor Robert Pearlstein explains the technology; includes glossary) (Interview) Wilson, Eve J.

Alcohol Health & Research World, v16, n4, p293(4)

Fall 1992

DOCUMENT TYPE: Interview PUBLICATION FORMAT: Magazine/Journal ISSN:

0090-838X LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: Fulltext; Abstract

TARGET AUDIENCE: Academic; Professional

WORD COUNT: 3055 LINE COUNT: 00260

ABSTRACT: Pearlstein explains what molecular modeling is and describes its applications in drug development and alcoholism treatment. He says the main advantage to using the technology is its predictive value and the ability to graphically display molecular properties.

Q: What is molecular modeling?

A: Simply put, molecular modeling is the process of simulating or predicting three - dimensional structures and other physical and chemical properties of molecules using computational methods. All molecular modeling methods require the use of data derived from experimental measurements on known molecules. Molecular modeling provides a mathematical format for generalizing experimental information, allowing measurements from known systems to be...

16/3,AB,K/23 (Item 23 from file: 160)

DIALOG(R)File 160:Gale Group PROMT(R)

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02241781

MOLECULAR SIMULATIONS, INC. LAUNCHES 3-D POLYMER SIMULATOR

News Release April 9, 1989 p. 1

Molecular Simulations, Inc. today announced the commercial availability of POLYGRAF (TM), its integrated molecular modeling and simulation software developed specifically for the polymer industry. POLYGRAF combines computational chemistry and 3 - D graphics to simulate the behavior of complex polymer molecules. It radically reduces the need to perform multiple trial-and-error laboratory experiments typically required to develop new substances. POLYGRAF has been extensively beta-tested during the past year at key companies engaged in polymer research, such as Allied-Signal, Eastman Kodak, B. F. Goodrich, and General Electric. Scientists from these test sites have had direct interaction with the Molecular Simulations, Inc. development team to help refine the scope and include those features in POLYGRAF to provide an advanced design tool having maximum impact in the polymer research environment. POLYGRAF employs a wide range of molecular mechanics capabilities, specialized builders for small molecules and polymers, energy minimization, conformational searching, animation of dynamic trajectories, analysis of structural

features, calculation of **physical** properties and constant stress dynamics, to enable chemists to interactively build complex new substances (of up to 20,000 atoms) and subject them to various stresses such as heat or pressure - all on the computer.
Full text available on PTS New Product Announcements.

23/8/1 (Item 1 from file: 636)

DIALOG(R) File 636:(c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

04511583 Supplier Number: 58269486 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

-US DEPT OF HHS: 'Snap shot' captures key cancer-search and destroy enzyme.

Dec 15, 1999

Word Count: 844

PUBLISHER NAME: M2 Communications Ltd.

INDUSTRY NAMES: BUSN (Any type of business); INTL (Business,

International)

23/8/2 (Item 2 from file: 88)

DIALOG(R) File 88: (c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

05242989 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 57621544

NMR structure of the complex between the zinc finger protein NCp10 of Moloney murine leukemia virus and the single-stranded pentanucleotide d(ACGCC): comparison with HIV-NCp7 complexes.

Oct 5, 1999

DESCRIPTORS: Amino acids--Research; Bacterial proteins--Research; Mouse leukemia viruses--Research

23/8/3 (Item 3 from file: 88)

DIALOG(R) File 88: (c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

05215061 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 56330800

Competitive binding in magnesium coordination chemistry: water versus ligands of biological interest.

August 25, 1999

DESCRIPTORS: Density functionals--Usage; Ligand binding (Biochemistry)--Research; Ligands (Biochemistry)--Research; Magnesium--Research; Water--Research

23/8/7 (Item 7 from file: 88)

DIALOG(R) File 88:(c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

04826432 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 20871771

Molecular cloning and characterization of an invertebrate cellular retinoic acid binding protein.

June 9, 1998

DESCRIPTORS: Cloning--Research; Tretinoin--Research; Carrier proteins--Research; Invertebrates--Genetic aspects

SPECIAL FEATURES: photograph; table; graph; illustration

23/8/8 (Item 8 from file: 88)

DIALOG(R) File 88:(c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

04135471 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 18949469

Tricorn protease - the core of a modular proteolytic system.

Nov 22, 1996

WORD COUNT: 3090 LINE COUNT: 00244
DESCRIPTORS: Proteolytic enzymes--Research

SPECIAL FEATURES: illustration; photograph; table; chart; graph

23/8/9 (Item 9 from file: 16)

ASRC Searcher: Jeanne Horrigan Serial 09/932304 July 22, 2003 DIALOG(R) File 16:(c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv. 04657739 Supplier Number: 46853552 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT) ANTIBODIES: Mouse or Man: the Tide Shifts Nov 1, 1996 Word Count: 544 PUBLISHER NAME: Business Communications Company, Inc. COMPANY NAMES: *Celltech Ltd.; ImmunoGen Inc. EVENT NAMES: *310 (Science & research); 370 (Patents & copyrights) GEOGRAPHIC NAMES: *1USA (United States); 4EUUK (United Kingdom)
PRODUCT NAMES: *2831230 (Antibodies for Human Use) PRODUCT NAMES: *2831230 INDUSTRY NAMES: BIO (Biotechnology); BUSN (Any type of business) NAICS CODES: 325412 (Pharmaceutical Preparation Manufacturing) TICKER SYMBOLS: IMGN SPECIAL FEATURES: COMPANY (Item 10 from file: 16) 23/8/10 DIALOG(R) File 16:(c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv. 04643874 Supplier Number: 46832341 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT) Antisense Technology--Antibody Humanization Technology Used To Develop Anti-Cancer Compounds Oct 28, 1996 Word Count: 574 PUBLISHER NAME: Charles W. Henderson COMPANY NAMES: *ImmunoGen Inc. EVENT NAMES: *310 (Science & research) GEOGRAPHIC NAMES: *1USA (United States) PRODUCT NAMES: *8521215 (Immunology) INDUSTRY NAMES: BUSN (Any type of business); HLTH (Healthcare - Medical and Health) NAICS CODES: 54171 (Research and Development in the Physical, Engineering, and Life Sciences) TICKER SYMBOLS: IMGN SPECIAL FEATURES: COMPANY 23/8/11 (Item 11 from file: 149) DIALOG(R) File 149: (c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv. SUPPLIER NUMBER: 18817952 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) Antibody humanization technology used to develop anti-cancer compounds. 1996 WORD COUNT: 579 LINE COUNT: 00055 DESCRIPTORS: Antibodies -- Therapeutic use; Antineoplastic agents -- Research 23/8/12 (Item 12 from file: 148) DIALOG(R) File 148: (c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv. 09023231 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 18763006 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) ImmunoGen Studies Support Use of Its Antibody Humanization Technology in the Development of New Targeted Anti-Cancer Compounds Oct 15, 1996 WORD COUNT: 835 LINE COUNT: 00075 COMPANY NAMES: ImmunoGen Inc.--Research INDUSTRY CODES/NAMES: BUS Business, General; BUSN Any type of DESCRIPTORS: Biotechnology industry--Research PRODUCT/INDUSTRY NAMES: 2831230 (Antibodies for Human Use) SIC CODES: 2836 Biological products exc. diagnostic TICKER SYMBOLS: IMGN

23/3,AB,K/6

(Item 14 from file: 95) 23/8/14 DIALOG(R) File 95:(c) 2003 FIZ TECHNIK. All rts. reserv. Artificial intelligence techniques for analyzing the 3-D structure of proteins: designing new proteins (Einsatz kuenstlicher Intelligenztechniken zur Analyse von 3D-Proteinstrukturen: Entwerfen neuer Proteine) DESCRIPTORS: PROTEINS; STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS; THREE DIMENSIONAL OBJECTS; ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE; MOLECULAR STRUCTURE; FUZZY LOGIC; ARTIFICIAL NEURAL NETWORKS; MATHEMATICAL STATISTICS IDENTIFIERS: STRUKTURVORHERSAGE; Proteindesign; kuenstliche Intelligenz 23/8/16 (Item 16 from file: 88) DIALOG(R) File 88: (c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv. SUPPLIER NUMBER: 13433653 Structure of the regulatory complex of Escherichia coli IIIGlc with glycerol kinase. Jan 29, 1993 WORD COUNT: 4097 LINE COUNT: 00331 DESCRIPTORS: Carrier proteins--Research; Glycerol kinase--Research; Escherichia coli--Research SPECIAL FEATURES: illustration; table; chart 23/8/17 (Item 17 from file: 88) DIALOG(R) File 88:(c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv. SUPPLIER NUMBER: 14262036 02788288 A molecular model of the complete three-dimensional structure of the Klenow fragment of Escherichia coli DNA polymerase I: binding of the dNTP substrate and template-primer. March 24, 1992 DESCRIPTORS: Amino acids--Research; DNA polymerases--Research; Escherichia coli--Research SPECIAL FEATURES: illustration; table; chart 23/8/18 (Item 18 from file: 148) DIALOG(R) File 148: (c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv. 03907122 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 07557137 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT) The body's master controls: unraveling proteins to tackle disease at its roots. May 8, 1989 LINE COUNT: 00145 WORD COUNT: 1856 SPECIAL FEATURES: illustration; photograph; chart INDUSTRY CODES/NAMES: BUS Business, General DESCRIPTORS: Genetic research--Innovations; Pharmaceutical industry--Product development; Pharmaceutical research--Innovations; Protein research--Innovations; Drug receptors--Research SIC CODES: 2834 Pharmaceutical preparations

DIALOG(R) File 484:Periodical Abs Plustext
(c) 2003 ProQuest. All rts. reserv.
04014641 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULLTEXT)
Polymer chemistry in science centers and museums: A survey of educational resources

(Item 6 from file: 484)

Collard, David M; McKee, Scott

Journal of Chemical Education (ICHE), v75 n11, p1419-1423, p.5

Nov 1998

ISSN: 0021-9584 JOURNAL CODE: ICHE

DOCUMENT TYPE: Feature

LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: Fulltext; Abstract

WORD COUNT: 4193

ABSTRACT: Although science centers and museums can provide an excellent resource for students outside the classroom, chemistry displays are often lacking because of the nature of chemical reactions. A way to increase the availability of chemistry exhibits might be to provide interactive experiments dealing with polymers.

TEXT:

... as highlights in the history of science (e.g., on the History Wall at MSI). Three - dimensional molecular models of these biopolymers are presented at a number of museums along with computer animations allowing...

...the single strand DNA. Finally this RNA serves as a template for construction of the **amino acid** sequence of collagen.

Polymers in Art Museums

Science centers and museums are not the only...

23/3,AB,K/19 (Item 19 from file: 160)

DIALOG(R) File 160: Gale Group PROMT(R)

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02178761

MAJOR ADVANCE IN 3-D PROTEIN MODELING FROM CHEMICAL DESIGN

News Release January, 1989 p. 1

specialists Chemical Design are pleased to modeling Molecular announce an exciting new software development of major importance to research chemists and molecular biologists. Chemical Design has recently developed an automated procedure which constructs 3 - D models of proteins from their amino acid sequences using sequence homology or similarity. Information on the 3 - D structure of a protein is important because it allows interactions between small molecules and protein receptor sites to be modeled (crucial in the rational design of drugs and agrochemicals). Since the amino acid sequences of many receptors of physiological importance are known, but their 3 - D structures are not, a method which converts one into the other is clearly of great value. The Chemical Design software is based on an approach developed at Birkbeck College, London, in which a 3 - D model of a protein is constructed by comparing its amino acid sequence with sequences occurring in other proteins of known 3 - D structure. The method is dependent on a high level of similarity between the proteins. This automatic tecnique has already been used successfully to build models where the sequence homology was as low as 20%, suggesting that many very useful protein models can be generated in this way. With more than 280 installations of its Chem-X software worldwide, Chemical Design the leading supplier of is computer-aided molecular modeling systems.

Full text available on PTS New Product Announcements.

23/3,AB,K/20 (Item 20 from file: 636)

DIALOG(R) File 636: Gale Group Newsletter DB(TM)

(c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

01057064 Supplier Number: 40590474

Molecular Modeling Plays Key Role in Protein Engineering at Novo:

Genetic Technology News, v8, n12, pN/A
Dec, 1988
Language: English Record Type: Fulltext
Document Type: Magazine/Journal; Trade
Word Count: 815

... the market.

Another way Novo uses protein engineering is to predict structures of molecules. While amino acid sequences have been determined for roughly 10,000 proteins, three - dimensional structures have been defined for only about 200 of them. Fortunately, proteins fall into a...

...So if you know the structure of one member of the family you can use molecular modeling to predict the structure of a related molecule.

Novo has been doing this with an...

29/8/2 (Item 2 from file: 88)

DIALOG(R) File 88:(c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv. 04780893 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 20741703

Crystal structure of MTCP-1: implications for role of TCL-1 and MTCP-1 in T cell malignancies. (oncogenes)

March 31, 1998

DESCRIPTORS: Oncogenes--Research; Lymphocytic leukemia--Research SPECIAL FEATURES: table; chart; illustration

29/8/3 (Item 3 from file: 88)

DIALOG(R)File 88:(c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv. 04641646 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 20225586

Structure-function relationships in helix-bundle channels probed via total chemical synthesis of alamethicin dimers: Effects of a Glnsuper7 to Asnsuper7 mutation.

Nov 11, 1997

DESCRIPTORS: Peptides--Observations; Biosynthesis--Observations SPECIAL FEATURES: photograph; table; chart; graph; illustration

29/8/4 (Item 4 from file: 636)

DIALOG(R)File 636:(c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv. 03656889 Supplier Number: 47878563 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

Oxford Group Looks at Homochiral Compounds

August 1, 1997

Word Count: 664

PUBLISHER NAME: Business Communications Company, Inc.

INDUSTRY NAMES: BUSN (Any type of business); CHEM (Chemicals, Plastics and Rubber); DRUG (Pharmaceuticals and Cosmetics)

29/8/5 (Item 5 from file: 88)

DIALOG(R)File 88:(c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv. 03990288 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 18143108

Similar antigenic surfaces, rather than sequence homology, dictate T-cell epitope molecular mimicry.

Oct 24, 1995

DESCRIPTORS: Antigenic determinants--Observations; Biomolecules--Models; Amino acid sequence--Analysis SPECIAL FEATURES: illustration; chart; graph

29/8/6 (Item 6 from file: 88)

DIALOG(R)File 88:(c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv. 03498651 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 16379186

Mechanisms underlying expression of Tn10 encoded tetracycline resistance.

Annual, 1994

WORD COUNT: 8765 LINE COUNT: 00706

DESCRIPTORS: Drug resistance in microorganisms--Genetic aspects; Genetic regulation--Research; Tetracyclines--Genetic aspects

SPECIAL FEATURES: illustration; table; chart

29/8/7 (Item 7 from file: 95)

DIALOG(R)File 95:(c) 2003 FIZ TECHNIK. All rts. reserv. 00787289 F94060020964

AM-1 molecular orbital calculations of silica-alanine-nitrogen interaction (AM-1 Molekuelorbitalberechnungen bei Wechselwirkungen zwischen Siliciumdioxid, Alanin und Stickstoff)

100/

DESCRIPTORS: BIOCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS; AMINO ACIDS; BONDS--CHEMICAL; BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY; MOLECULAR ORIENTATION; EPITAXIAL GROWTH; MOLECULAR STRUCTURE; SILICON DIOXIDES; SILOXANE; NITROGEN; CRYSTAL PHYSICS; BINDING ENERGY; MICROSILICA; CHEMICAL REACTIONS; GLASS CERAMICS; ALANINE IDENTIFIERS: MOLEKUELORBITALMODELL; Molekuelorbitaltheorie; Wechselwirkung; Biomaterial

29/8/8 (Item 8 from file: 95)

DIALOG(R)File 95:(c) 2003 FIZ TECHNIK. All rts. reserv. 00746587 T94026132178

Molekulardynamische Simulationen zur Strukturbestimmung von Intermediaerfilamenten in alpha-Keratinen

(Molecular dynamic simulation for the investigation of intermediate filament structure in alpha-keratins)1994
DESCRIPTORS: WOOL; COMPUTER SOFTWARE; MODELS; PEPTIDE; HYDROGEN BOND;
MOLECULAR ARRANGEMENT; VACUUM; LIQUIDS; AMINO ACIDS; DNA STRAIN
IDENTIFIERS: STRUKTUR; Wolle; Helixstruktur; Computersimulation

29/8/9 (Item 9 from file: 148)

DIALOG(R)File 148:(c)2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.
03514975 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 06319466 (USE FORMAT 7 OR 9 FOR FULL TEXT)

Detergency & biotechnology; using the protein engineering cycle to give enzymes desired performance characteristics.

April, 1988

WORD COUNT: 1769 LINE COUNT: 00147

SPECIAL FEATURES: illustration; photograph; graph; chart

INDUSTRY CODES/NAMES: DRUG Pharmaceuticals and Cosmetics; CHEM Chemicals, Plastics and Rubber

DESCRIPTORS: Detergents, Synthetic--Manufacture; Enzymes--Usage; Biotechnology--Research

SIC CODES: 2841 Soap and other detergents

29/3,AB,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 88)

DIALOG(R) File 88: Gale Group Business A.R.T.S.

(c) 2003 The Gale Group. All rts. reserv.

05177098 SUPPLIER NUMBER: 55487726

Site-directed mutagenesis and molecular modeling identify a crucial amino acid in specifying the heparin affinity of FGF-1. (fibroblast growth factor)

Patrie, Kevin M.; Botelho, Mary Jane; Franklin, Kendra; Chiu, Ing-Ming Biochemistry, 38, 29, 9264(9)
July 20, 1999

ISSN: 0006-2960 LANGUAGE: English RECORD TYPE: Abstract ABSTRACT: Research was conducted to identify cysteine-131 as a crucial amino acid in the heparin-binding domain by site-directed mutagenesis and molecular modeling. Chimeric fibroblast growth factor (FGF)-1 proteins were constructed from human and bovine FGF-1 expression constructs and were tested for their heparin affinity after iodination to localize the region responsible for the lost heparin affinity. Results indicate that cysteine-131 had important implications in the regulation of heparin binding by FGF-1 and its subsequent activity.

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ASRC Searcher: Jeanne Horrigan
Serial 09/932304
July 22, 2003
File 155:MEDLINE(R) 1966-2003/Jul W3
      5:Biosis Previews(R) 1969-2003/Jul W2
File 73:EMBASE 1974-2003/Jul W2
File 34:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1990-2003/Jul W2
File 434:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1974-1989/Dec
File 144: Pascal 1973-2003/Jul W2
File 440:Current Contents Search(R) 1990-2003/Jul 22
File 71:ELSEVIER BIOBASE 1994-2003/Jul W3
File 103:Energy SciTec 1974-2003/Jun B2
File
      2:INSPEC 1969-2003/Jul W2
     8:Ei Compendex(R) 1970-2003/Jul W2
File
File 65:Inside Conferences 1993-2003/Jul W3
File 35:Dissertation Abs Online 1861-2003/Jun
File 94:JICST-EPlus 1985-2003/Jul W2
File 99: Wilson Appl. Sci & Tech Abs 1983-2003/Jun
     6:NTIS 1964-2003/Jul W3
File
File 315: ChemEng & Biotec Abs 1970-2003/Jun
File 437: Education Abstracts 1983-2003/Jun
File 239:Mathsci 1940-2003/Sep
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 14/6/1
            (Item 1 from file: 144)
            PASCAL No.: 92-0444141
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The associated molecular nature of bituminous coal
1992

14/6/3 (Item 2 from file: 35)
01360074 ORDER NO: AAD94-16358
STUDIES ON 4-VINYL PROTOCHLOROPHYLLIDE REDUCTASE AND THE BIOLOGICAL
```

SIGNIFICANCE OF THE DIVINYL AND MONOVINYL MONOCARBOXYLIC CHLOROPHYLL A BIOSYNTHETIC ROUTES (CHLOROPHYLL A)

Year: 1994

14/9/2 (Item 1 from file: 35)

DIALOG(R) File 35: Dissertation Abs Online

(c) 2003 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.

01453203 ORDER NO: AADAA-19544363

STEREOCHEMISTRY PROBLEM-SOLVING: THE ROLE OF MOLECULAR STRUCTURE REPRESENTATIONS AND COGNITIVE FACTORS (COGNITION, COMPUTER MODELLING)

Author: KUO, MING-TANG

Degree: PH.D. Year: 1995

Corporate Source/Institution: UNIVERSITY OF NORTHERN COLORADO (0161)

Source: VOLUME 56/09-A OF DISSERTATION ABSTRACTS INTERNATIONAL.

PAGE 3524. 310 PAGES

Descriptors: EDUCATION, SCIENCES; EDUCATION, EDUCATIONAL PSYCHOLOGY;

EDUCATION, TECHNOLOGY

Descriptor Codes: 0714; 0525; 0710

The present study has two purposes. First, it examines the effect of three aspects on stereochemistry problem solving involving R/S configuration determination: molecular structure representations, molecular complexity, and the orientation of the lowest priority group in the molecule structure. Second, the relationships between five cognitive variables and the above three factors of R/S configuration determination were studied.

One hundred two college students participated in the research. Subjects completed five cognitive variables tests, then received a normal organic chemistry class. The cognitive variable tests measured visualization, spatial orientation ability, field dependence/ independence, mental capacity, and reasoning ability. After stereochemistry was taught, a stereochemistry test that included a test of basic concept knowledge and four R/S configuration determination subtests utilizing four different representations: two-dimensional, three - dimensional, computer, and physical models of molecular structures was administered.

The results showed that the molecular structure representations had significant effects on R/S configuration determination. Representations of molecular structure that are more difficult for students to interpret are those with more abstract features, such as two-dimensional drawings. The easier molecular structure representations, such as computer and physical models, have more concrete features. Computer simulation models were found by factor analysis to provide a representation close to that of physical models. Performance using computer models was higher than performance using paper representations and closer to performance using physical models.

 $\mbox{\sc R/S}$ configuration determination was also influenced by molecular complexity. Subjects' scores were significantly lower when molecules were larger or more complex.

In addition, different orientations of the lowest priority group in molecular structures influence R/S configuration determination performance. Highest scores were achieved when the orientation of the lowest priority group was toward the back or right side.

The correlation results indicated that basic concept knowledge, mental capacity, and visualization were three major cognitive variables accounting for three factors of stereochemistry problem solving. However, the correlations between Stereochemistry Test performance and spatial orientation ability, field dependence/independence, and reasoning ability

were relatively weaker than they were for mental capacity and visualization.

21/7/1 (Item 1 from file: 5)
DIALOG(R)File 5:Biosis Previews(R)
(c) 2003 BIOSIS. All rts. reserv.
07680655 BIOSIS NO.: 000092027576

A HEURISTIC APPROACH TO PREDICTING THE TERTIARY STRUCTURE OF BOVINE SOMATOTROPIN

AUTHOR: CARLACCI L; CHOU K-C; MAGGIORA G M

AUTHOR ADDRESS: COMPUTATIONAL CHEM., UPJOHN LAB., KALAMAZOO, MICH. 49001.

JOURNAL: BIOCHEMISTRY 30 (18). 1991. 4389-4398. 1991

FULL JOURNAL NAME: Biochemistry

CODEN: BICHA

RECORD TYPE: Abstract LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

ABSTRACT: A combination of a heuristic approach and energy minimization was used to predict the three - dimensional structure of bovine somatotropin (bSt), also known as bovine growth hormone, a protein of 191 amino acids. The starting points for energy minimization were generated from the following two types of inputs: (a) the amino acid sequence and (b) the heuristic inputs, which were derived according to physical, chemical and biological principles by piecing together all useful information available. The predicted 3 - D structure of the bSt molecule has all the features observed in four-helix bundle proteins. The four .alpha.-helices in bSt are intimately packed to form an assembly with an approximately square cross section. All the adjacent .alpha.-helices are antiparallel, with a somewhat tilted angle between each of the adjacent pairs so that the assembly of the four helices looks like a left-handed twisted bundle. There are two disulfide bonds in the bSt structure: one "hooking" the middle of a long loop with helix 4 so as to pull the long loop onto the surface of the helix bundle and the other "hooking" the C-terminal segment with the same helix so as to force the C-terminal segment to bend toward the helix bundle. As a consequence, a considerable part of the surface of the four-helix bundle is closely packed or intimately embraced by the loop segments. The predicted bSt structure has a hydrophobic core and a hydrophilic exterior surface. The energetic analysis of the predicted bSt structure indicates that the interaction between helices and loops plays a dominant role in stabilizing the four-helix bundle structure from the viewpoint of both electrostatic and nonbonded interactions. A technique called FOLD was meanwhile developed, by which one can fold a polypeptide chain into any shape as desired. This tool proved to be very useful during the heuristic model-building process.

27/6/1 (Item 1 from file: 73) 10542147 EMBASE No: 2000007374

Covalent flavinylation of L-aspartate oxidase from Escherichia coli using Nsup 6-(6-carboxyhexyl)-FAD succinimidoester 1999

27/6/2 (Item 2 from file: 73) 07849948 EMBASE No: 1999323728

Studies on the relationship between structure and electrophoretic mobility of alpha-helical and beta-sheet peptides using capillary zone electrophoresis

ASRC Searcher: Jeanne Horrigan Serial 09/932304 July 22, 2003 1999 (Item 3 from file: 73) 27/6/3 EMBASE No: 1999181907 07698801 Oligosaccharide analysis and molecular modeling of soluble forms of glycoproteins belonging to the Ly-6, scavenger receptor, and immunoglobulin superfamilies expressed in Chinese hamster ovary cells 1999 27/6/4 (Item 4 from file: 73) EMBASE No: 1999103280 FORESST: Fold recognition from secondary structure predictions of proteins 1999 (Item 5 from file: 73) 27/6/5 EMBASE No: 1999080757 Structural interpretation of site-directed mutagenesis and specificity of the catalytic subunit of protein kinase CK2 using comparative modelling 27/6/6 (Item 6 from file: 73) EMBASE No: 1999043761 Crystallographic structure reveals phosphorylated pilin from Neisseria: Phosphoserine sites modify type IV pilus surface chemistry and fibre morphology 1999 (Item 7 from file: 8) 27/6/7 05383840 Title: Solvation potential with improved contact definitions and optimized by extensive threading Conference Title: Proceedings of the 1999 3rd Annual International Conference on Computational Molecular Biology, RECOMB '99 Publication Year: 1999 27/6/8 (Item 8 from file: 73) 07620928 EMBASE No: 1999088280 Molecular mapping with functional antibodies localizes critical sites on the human IL receptor common gamma (gammac) chain 01 OCT 1998 27/6/9 (Item 9 from file: 73) EMBASE No: 1998391520 07506467 Identification of a beta-lactoglobulin lactosylation site . 1998 (Item 10 from file: 73)

(Item 11 from file: 34) 27/6/11 05790178 Genuine Article#: WX593 Number of References: 49 Title: On the structure and activity of membrane receptors: A computational

AMPA receptors and bacterial periplasmic amino acid-binding proteins

EMBASE No: 1998276275

share the ionic mechanism of ligand recognition

27/6/10

17 AUG 1998

07373702

simulation of ligand-triggered activation in a model 5-HT1A receptor ($Publication\ date:\ 19970605$

27/6/12 (Item 12 from file: 155) 08636264 95324791 PMID: 7601335

Omega loops: nonregular secondary structures significant in protein function and stability.

Jun 1995

27/6/13 (Item 13 from file: 8) 03568060

Title: Amino acid side-chain populations in aqueous and saline solution: Bis-penicillamine enkephalin.

Publication Year: 1992

27/6/14 (Item 14 from file: 6)

1712407 NTIS Accession Number: AD-P008 414/5

Molecular Tools for the Design of Gamma-Turn in Peptide 1992

27/6/15 (Item 15 from file: 6)

1712406 NTIS Accession Number: AD-P008 413/7

Protein Engineering of Betabellin 12

1992

27/6/16 (Item 16 from file: 6)

1712399 NTIS Accession Number: AD-P008 406/1

Switch Peptides: Medium Induced Alpha-Helix to Beta-Sheet Transitions of Bis-Amphiphilic Secondary Structures and Their Membrane Activity 1992

27/6/17 (Item 17 from file: 5)

08177214 BIOSIS NO.: 000094000987

PRENRL- 3D A COMPUTER PROGRAM FOR AN AUTOMATIC CREATION OF NRL- 3D PROTEIN SEQUENCE-STRUCTURE DATABASE FROM THE PROTEIN DATA BANK 1991

27/7/18 (Item 18 from file: 6)

DIALOG(R) File 6:NTIS

(c) 2003 NTIS, Intl Cpyrght All Rights Res. All rts. reserv.

1439041 NTIS Accession Number: PB89-175285

Comparative Modeling of Protein Structure: Progress and Prospects

Moult, J.

Maryland Univ., Rockville. Center for Advanced Research in Biotechnology. Corp. Source Codes: 094174001

1989 6p

Languages: English

Journal Announcement: GRAI8914

Included in Jnl. of Research of the National Institute of Standards and Technology, v94 nl p79-84 January/February 1989.

NTIS Prices: (Order as PB89-175194, PC A06)

Country of Publication: United States

Comparative modeling of protein structure is a process which determines the **three** - **dimensional** structure of protein molecules on the basis of amino acid sequence similarity to experimentally known structures. The procedure is facilitated by the growing database of protein structures

obtained from crystallography. In the review a series of stages in the modeling process are identified and discussed. These are (i) obtaining a reliable amino acid sequence of the structure of interest, (ii) producing a structurally correct sequence of the structure of interest, (ii) producing a structurally correct sequence alignment, (iii) identifying which structural features are conserved between target and parent structures, (iv) modeling the new pieces of structure, and (v) tests of reliability.

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File 155:MEDLINE(R) 1966-2003/Jul W3
 File 5:Biosis Previews(R) 1969-2003/Jul W2
 File 73:EMBASE 1974-2003/Jul W2
 File 34:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1990-2003/Jul W2
 File 434:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci 1974-1989/Dec
 File 440:Current Contents Search(R) 1990-2003/Jul 22
 File 144: Pascal 1973-2003/Jul W2
 File 71:ELSEVIER BIOBASE 1994-2003/Jul W3
 File 103: Energy SciTec 1974-2003/Jun B2
 File 2:INSPEC 1969-2003/Jul W2
 File 8:Ei Compendex(R) 1970-2003/Jul W2
 File 65: Inside Conferences 1993-2003/Jul W3
 File 35:Dissertation Abs Online 1861-2003/Jun
 File 94:JICST-EPlus 1985-2003/Jul W2
 File 99:Wilson Appl. Sci & Tech Abs 1983-2003/Jun
 File 6:NTIS 1964-2003/Jul W3
 File 315: ChemEng & Biotec Abs 1970-2003/Jun
 File 437: Education Abstracts 1983-2003/Jun
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 S4
          1821
                 S1 AND S2
 S5
           765
                 S1/TI, DE AND S2/TI, DE
                 S3/TI, DE AND S5
 S6
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          5768
                 S1(5N)S3
 s7
                 S6 AND S7
 S8
             8
 59
             7
                 RD (unique items)
             4
                 S9/2000 OR S9/2001 OR S9/2002 OR S9/2003
 S10
             3
 S11
                 S9 NOT S10
           333
· S12
                 S1(5N)S2
 S13
           275
                 S5 AND S12
           145
                 S13/TI
 S14
           24
                 S14/2003 OR S14/2002 OR S14/2001 OR S14/2000
 S15
 S16
           121
                 S14 NOT S15
 s17
           84
                 RD (unique items)
            88
                 S12/TI
 S18
                 S17 AND S18
 S19
            38
            38
                 Sort S19/ALL/PY,D
 S20
        236696
                 3()D
 $21
 S22
        371737
                 3D
        965717
 $23
                 (3 OR THREE) () DIMENSIONAL
            83
                 S5 AND S23
 S24
                 S5 AND S21:S22
 S25
            29
                 S24:S25 NOT S19
 S26
            99
            56
                 RD (unique items)
 S27
            10
                 S27/2003 OR S27/2002 OR S27/2001 OR S27/2000
 S28
 S29
           46
                 S27 NOT S28
            46
                 Sort S29/ALL/PY,D
 S30
```

11/9/2 (Item 2 from file: 155)

DIALOG(R) File 155: MEDLINE(R)

(c) format only 2003 The Dialog Corp. All rts. reserv.

ASRC Searcher: Jeanne Horrigan Serial 09/932304 July 22, 2003 08108537 94174297 PMID: 8128241 Molecule makers learn the rules of a crooked game. Flam F Science (UNITED STATES) Mar 18 1994, 263 (5153) p1563-4, ISSN 0036-8075 Journal Code: 0404511 Document type: News Languages: ENGLISH Main Citation Owner: NLM Record type: Completed Subfile: INDEX MEDICUS Amino Descriptors: *Protein Engineering; *Protein Folding; Sequence; Models , Molecular ; Protein Conformation; Protein Structure, Secondary Record Date Created: 19940413 Record Date Completed: 19940413 20/6/2 (Item 2 from file: 65) 03553315 INSIDE CONFERENCE ITEM ID: CN037428231 Computerized Molecular Modeling as a Collaborative Learning Environment CONFERENCE: Computer support for collaborative learning-Conference (199912) 20/6/3 (Item 3 from file: 1) 01040268 ERIC NO.: EJ595944 CLEARINGHOUSE NO.: SE562475 High-School Chemistry Students' Performance and Gender Differences in a Computerized Molecular Modeling Learning Environment. 1999 (19990000) (Item 4 from file: 34) 07021620 Genuine Article#: 107WX Number of References: 0 Title: Molecular modeling exercises to teach organic chemistry. Publication date: 19980823 (Item 5 from file: 34) 06558792 Genuine Article#: ZA911 Number of References: 0 Title: Molecular modeling in teaching organic chemistry. Publication date: 19980402 (Item 6 from file: 34) 20/6/6 06160553 Genuine Article#: XY994 Number of References: 6 Title: Specific heats of model gas molecules: An oral exam teaching strategy (ABSTRACT AVAILABLE) Publication date: 19971000 20/6/7 (Item 7 from file: 34) 05700248 Genuine Article#: WP185 Number of References: 0 Title: Electron density models for teaching molecular structure. Publication date: 19970413 (Item 8 from file: 34) 20/6/8 05698799 Genuine Article#: WP185 Number of References: 0 Title: The regional molecular modeling workshop for college teachers at UMass.

Publication date: 19970413

ASRC Searcher: Jeanne Horrigan Serial 09/932304 July 22, 2003 20/6/9 (Item 9 from file: 35) 01597524 ORDER NO: AAD98-02420 STUDENTS' USE OF ATOMIC AND MOLECULAR MODELS IN LEARNING CHEMISTRY (VISUAL LEARNING) Year: 1997 (Item 11 from file: 437) 20/6/11 0667802 H.W. WILSON RECORD NUMBER: BEDI96023022 Secondary students' mental models of atoms and molecules: implications for teaching chemistry 19960900 20/6/18 (Item 18 from file: 34) 02641215 Genuine Article#: LU087 Number of References: 1 Title: MOLECULAR MODELING AIDS CHEMISTRY RESEARCH AND TEACHING (Abstract Available) (Item 19 from file: 34) Genuine Article#: JF947 Number of References: 15 Title: TEACHING MOLECULAR MODELING - AN INTRODUCTORY COURSE FOR CHEMISTS, IMPLEMENTED AT THE UNIVERSITE-DE-MONTREAL (Item 20 from file: 34) 20/6/20 01172622 Genuine Article#: GB720 Number of References: 10 Title: THE USE OF THE DESK-TOP MOLECULAR MODELER SOFTWARE IN THE TEACHING OF STRUCTURAL CHEMISTRY (Item 23 from file: 34) 00355992 Genuine Article#: DG642 Number of References: 0 Title: MOLECULAR MODELING TECHNIQUES FOR UNDERGRADUATE TEACHING AND RESEARCH (Item 25 from file: 155) 20/6/25 05636383 87315833 PMID: 2442665 Molecular kinetic modelling of associative learning . Jul 1987 ' 20/6/26 (Item 26 from file: 5) 05484901 BIOSIS NO.: 000033085754 MOLECULAR MODELS OF ASSOCIATIVE LEARNING IN DROSOPHILA 1987 (Item 27 from file: 2) 02579960 INSPEC Abstract Number: C86011037 Title: From molecular models to weather charts (educational graphics) Publication Date: July-Aug. 1985 20/6/30 (Item 30 from file: 2) 01225479 INSPEC Abstract Number: A78061968 Title: Dynamics and time-averaged behaviour of a molecular dissociation model . (Teaching) Publication Date: May 1978

20/6/31 (Item 31 from file: 2)

01074313 INSPEC Abstract Number: A77057117

Title: A molecular membrane model (teaching demonstration)
Publication Date: March 1977

20/6/32 (Item 32 from file: 155) 02423972 77112815 PMID: 1016695

Complementary molecular models of learning and memory.
Dec 1976

20/6/33 (Item 33 from file: 434)

00271848 Genuine Article#: T6900 Number of References: 43
Title: PHOTOELECTRON-SPECTRA - EXPERIMENTAL APPROACH TO TEACHING
MOLECULAR -ORBITAL MODELS

20/6/34 (Item **34** from file: **155**) 01628221 74027925 PMID: 4356425

General model for the molecular events in synapses during learning . Autumn 1973 $\,$

20/6/35 (Item 35 from file: 5) 01211177 BIOSIS NO.: 000056021380

CHEMISTRY OF PHYLOGENETIC AND ONTOGENETIC ADAPTATION AND LEARNING PROCESSES INFORMATION THEORY QUASI MOLECULAR MODEL 1973

20/7/1 (Item 1 from file: .34)

DIALOG(R) File 34:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci (c) 2003 Inst for Sci Info. All rts. reserv.

08116140 Genuine Article#: 226QZ Number of References: 0

Title: Education with molecular modeling: Quantum chemistry for the masses.

Author(s): Hehre WJ

Corporate Source: WAVEFUNCT INC,/IRVINE//CA/92612

Journal: ABSTRACTS OF PAPERS OF THE AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY, 1999, V218, 1 (AUG 22), P39-COMP

ISSN: 0065-7727 Publication date: 19990822

Publisher: AMER CHEMICAL SOC, 1155 16TH ST, NW, WASHINGTON, DC 20036

Language: English Document Type: MEETING ABSTRACT

20/7/10 (Item 10 from file: 34)

DIALOG(R) File 34: SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci

(c) 2003 Inst for Sci Info. All rts. reserv.

05253069 Genuine Article#: VK868 Number of References: 10

Title: MANIPULATING THE INVISIBLE - LEARNING MOLECULAR -BIOLOGY USING INEXPENSIVE MODELS

Author(s): MALACINSKI GM; ZELL PW

Corporate Source: INDIANA UNIV, DEPT BIOL/BLOOMINGTON//IN/47405 Journal: AMERICAN BIOLOGY TEACHER, 1996, V58, N7 (OCT), P428-432

ISSN: 0002-7685

Language: ENGLISH Document Type: ARTICLE

Abstract: The restructuring of the biology curriculum at Indiana University has positioned the molecular biology lecture course as the first course in biology beyond the freshman introductory courses. An understanding of molecular biology is increasingly considered an essential prerequisite for the study of all other areas of biology. However, molecular biology, with its heavy emphasis on minute detail and abstract concepts, is an intellectual challenge that many sophomores

are not developmentally ready to engage. Research and experience have documented the problems traditional college freshmen have understanding abstract concepts (Lawson & Renner 1974; Herron 1975; Carmichael et al. 1980; Stencel & Barkoff 1993; Gottfried et al. 1993). Assessment of Indiana University biology students' intellectual level confirms that research and experience (Etchberger & Zell 1991). in addition, our departmental assessment revealed that some sophomores are still concrete thinkers and the majority of sophomores still function in transitional stages that have not attained the formal (abstract) thinking level.

Simply stated, concrete thinkers depend primarily on their senses to learn. Although concrete thinkers can think logically, their logic is limited to immediate experience with things they can see and manipulate directly. Their reasoning is based on ''real'' rather than ''abstract'' possibilities. Since abstract concepts are not amenable to sensing, students who are not formal in their thought patterns have great difficulty mentally representing the abstract and complex operations of molecular biology.

To bolster college sophomores in handling the increased intellectual challenge of molecular biology, we have developed academic and social support mechanisms. Supports include collaborative learning groups led by peer tutors, using a non-encyclopedic textbook (Freifelder & Malacinski 1993), and an extensive course guide which includes suggestions on how to study both individually and in collaborative groups, But, the most important sensory tools for those students still making the transition from concrete thinking to higher levels are the ''pipe cleaner'' models that provide a concrete experience of abstract concepts such as DNA replication, RNA synthesis, and protein synthesis.

This article describes three such models, explains their hands-on use, and notes their advantages for learning and teaching. A major practical advantage of pipe-cleaner models is their low cost. The models are made from inexpensive craft materials (pipe-cleaner stems, beads, page hole reinforcements, self-adhesive labels, and sheets of polyethylene). The most expensive kit costs less than 25 cents.

20/7/12 (Item 12 from file: 34)

DIALOG(R)File 34:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci

(c) 2003 Inst for Sci Info. All rts. reserv.

04286831 Genuine Article#: QP232 Number of References: 0

Title: THE FUTURE OF COMPUTER-BASED MOLECULAR MODELING IN CHEMICAL EDUCATION - IS THE TAIL WAGGING THE DOG

Author(s): SHUSTERMAN AJ

Corporate Source: REED COLL, DEPT CHEM/PORTLAND//OR/97202

Journal: ABSTRACTS OF PAPERS OF THE AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY, 1995, V209,

APR (APR 2), P508-CHED

ISSN: 0065-7727

Language: ENGLISH Document Type: MEETING ABSTRACT

20/7/13 (Item 13 from file: 1)

DIALOG(R) File 1: ERIC

(c) format only 2003 The Dialog Corporation. All rts. reserv.

00910642 ERIC NO.: EJ522077 CLEARINGHOUSE NO.: SE555698

Using Molecular Models to Teach Chemistry. Part 2: Using Models. Hardwicke, Anthony J.

School Science Review, v77 n279 p47-56 Dec 1995

ASRC Searcher: Jeanne Horrigan Serial 09/932304 July 22, 2003 1995 (19950000) ISSN: 0036-6811 LANGUAGE: English DOCUMENT TYPE: 80 (Journal articles); 120 (Opinion papers) RECORD TYPE: ABSTRACT JOURNAL ANNOUNCEMENT: CIJAUG1996 Presents a causal mechanism linking models to learning in order to establish whether or not good models are good for teaching. (MKR) 20/7/14 (Item 14 from file: 1) DIALOG(R)File 1:ERIC (c) format only 2003 The Dialog Corporation. All rts. reserv. 00909339 ERIC NO.: EJ520774 CLEARINGHOUSE NO.: SE555659 Using Molecular Models to Teach Chemistry. Part I: Modelling Molecules . Hardwicke, Anthony J. School Science Review, v77 n278 p59-64 Sep 1995 1995 (19950000) ISSN: 0036-6811 LANGUAGE: English DOCUMENT TYPE: 80 (Journal articles); 120 (Opinion papers) RECORD TYPE: ABSTRACT JOURNAL ANNOUNCEMENT: CIJJUL1996 Examines the general philosophical nature of models in science and the relationship between models and analogies. Applies these ideas to molecular models in particular. (Author/JRH) 20/7/15 (Item 15 from file: 1) DIALOG(R) File 1: ERIC (c) format only 2003 The Dialog Corporation. All rts. reserv. 00907385 ERIC NO.: EJ518820 CLEARINGHOUSE NO.: SE555275 Using Three-Dimensional Models to Teach Molecular Structures in High School Chemistry. Copolo, Cynthia F.; Hounshell, Paul B. Journal of Science Education and Technology, v4 n4 p295-305 Dec 1995 1995 (19950000) ISSN: 1059-0145 LANGUAGE: English DOCUMENT TYPE: 80 (Journal articles); 143 (Reports--Research) RECORD TYPE: ABSTRACT JOURNAL ANNOUNCEMENT: CIJJUN1996 Compares the effects of using two- and three-dimensional model representations of molecular structures on student learning of organic chemical structures. Reports that students using both three-dimensional computer models and ball-and-stick models scored higher on the three-dimensional retention test of isomeric identification but lower on a similar two-dimensional test. (Author/JRH) (Item 16 from file: 144) 20/7/16 DIALOG(R) File 144: Pascal (c) 2003 INIST/CNRS. All rts. reserv. PASCAL No.: 94-0435347 11552666 La modelisation moleculaire : une revolution dans l'enseignement de la chimie : Dossier informatique (The molecular modeling : a revolution in the chemical teaching)

HANKS T; KOTZ J; GUERNIER T E trad

Univ. Etat New York, dep. chimie, Oneonta NY, USA; CAChe Scientific, 91941 Les Ulis, France

Journal: Spectra analyse, 1994, 23 (177) 46-48 Availability: INIST-16489; 354000049829980050

Document Type: P (Serial) ; A (Analytic)

Country of Publication: France

Language: French Summary Language: English

20/7/17 (Item 17 from file: 437)

DIALOG(R) File 437: Education Abstracts

(c) 2003 The HW Wilson Co. All rts. reserv.

Students drawn to three-D; a new computer-aided learning laboratory for molecular modeling

Irwin, Aisling

The Times Higher Education Supplement (Times Higher Educ Suppl) noll30 (July 8 '94) p. i

DOCUMENT TYPE: Feature Article ISSN: 0049-3929

20/7/21 (Item 21 from file: 315)

DIALOG(R) File 315: ChemEng & Biotec Abs

(c) 2003 DECHEMA. All rts. reserv.

285131 CEABA Accession No.: 22-12-016134 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

Title: Molecular modelling for schools and education

Orig. Title: Molekuelgrafik fuer Schule und Ausbildung

AUTHOR: Heimgaertner, H.

JOURNAL: NACHRICHTEN AUS CHEMIE, TECHNIK UND LABORATORIUM (WEINHEIM),

Volume: 39, Issue: 4, Page(s): 420,422-423

CODEN: NCTLDI ISSN: 03415163

PUBLICATION DATE: 1991 (910000) LANGUAGE: German

ABSTRACT: Different computer programs for molecular modelling are introduced. Their abilities, advantages and disadvantages, the essential equipment and the prices are discussed. (Umlauf)

20/7/22 (Item 22 from file: 94)

DIALOG(R) File 94: JICST-EPlus

(c) 2003 Japan Science and Tech Corp(JST). All rts. reserv.

01069394 JICST ACCESSION NUMBER: 90A0495823 FILE SEGMENT: JICST-E

Hand-made molecular model -entertaining as well as educational ...

FUJISE YUTAKA (1); HORIUCHI KENTARO (1)

(1) Hamamatsu Univ. School of Medicine

Kagaku to Kyoiku(Chemical Education), 1990, VOL.38, NO.2, PAGE.216-219,

FIG.6, REF.4

JOURNAL NUMBER: G0942ABK ISSN NO: 0386-2151 CODEN: KAKYE

UNIVERSAL DECIMAL CLASSIFICATION: 54:377

LANGUAGE: Japanese COUNTRY OF PUBLICATION: Japan

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

ARTICLE TYPE: Original paper MEDIA TYPE: Printed Publication

20/7/24 (Item 24 from file: 34)

DIALOG(R) File 34: SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci

(c) 2003 Inst for Sci Info. All rts. reserv.

00355988 Genuine Article#: DG642 Number of References: 0

Title: MOLECULAR MODELING - A NEW TOOL IN CHEMICAL EDUCATION

Author(s): MADURA JD

Corporate Source: UNIV HOUSTON, DEPT CHEM/HOUSTON//TX/77204

Journal: ABSTRACTS OF PAPERS OF THE AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY, 1989, V198,

SEP, P18-COMP

Language: ENGLISH Document Type: MEETING ABSTRACT

20/7/28 (Item 28 from file: 434)

DIALOG(R)File 434:SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci (c) 1998 Inst for Sci Info. All rts. reserv.

06180497 Genuine Article#: TW850. Number of References: 4

Title: USING THE QCPE HOLDINGS IN CHEMICAL EDUCATION - MOLECULAR -

MODELS IN THE ORGANIC-CHEMISTRY LABORATORY

Author(s): LIPKOWITZ K

Corporate Source: INDIANA UNIV, PURDUE UNIV/INDIANAPOLIS//IN/46223 Journal: JOURNAL OF CHEMICAL EDUCATION, 1984, V61, N12, P1051-1052

Language: ENGLISH Document Type: ARTICLE

20/7/29 (Item 29 from file: 434)

DIALOG(R) File 434: SciSearch(R) Cited Ref Sci

(c) 1998 Inst for Sci Info. All rts. reserv.

04105318 Genuine Article#: LG431 Number of References: 0

Title: A NEW SEMIFLEXIBLE MOLECULAR - MODEL . SET - COMMUNICATION AND

VISUALIZATION IN TEACHING

Author(s): DARLING SD; JENDRISAK A; BOKMILLER D

Corporate Source: UNIV AKRON, DEPT CHEM/AKRON//OH/44325; TACOMA PROD

INC/TALLMADGE//OH/44278

Journal: ABSTRACTS OF PAPERS OF THE AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY, 1980, V180,

AUG, P24-CHED

Language: ENGLISH Document Type: MEETING ABSTRACT

20/7/36 (Item 36 from file: 5)

DIALOG(R) File 5: Biosis Previews(R)

(c) 2003 BIOSIS. All rts. reserv.

00579256 BIOSIS NO.: 000007029221

MOLECULAR MODELS FOR MACRO MOLECULES A NEW CONCEPT FOR TEACHING AND

RESEARCH AUTHOR: SMITH I; SMITH M J

JOURNAL: BIOCHEM J'118 (2). 1970 40P 1970 FULL JOURNAL NAME: Biochemical Journal

CODEN: BIJOA

DOCUMENT TYPE: Meeting RECORD TYPE: Citation

20/7/37 (Item 37 from file: 155)

DIALOG(R)File 155:MEDLINE(R)

(c) format only 2003 The Dialog Corp. All rts. reserv.

00066863 66109018 PMID: 4160059

Molecular models for teaching and research.

Egli R

Laboratory practice (ENGLAND) Feb 1966, 15 (2) p209-11, ISSN

0023-6853 Journal Code: 0376620 Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM Record type: Completed

Record Date Created: 19660621
Record Date Completed: 19660621

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ASRC Searcher: Jeanne Horrigan
Serial 09/932304
July 22, 2003
 20/7/38
             (Item 38 from file: 35)
DIALOG(R) File 35: Dissertation 'Abs Online
(c) 2003 ProQuest Info&Learning. All rts. reserv.
304536 ORDER NO: AAD66-00349
                              MODELS AND THE LEARNING OF ATOMIC
THREE-DIMENSIONAL MOLECULAR
STRUCTURE, CHEMICAL BONDING, AND VALENCY THEORY AT THE SECONDARY LEVEL IN
CHEMISTRY
  Author: GOLDBERG, HARRIS PAUL
  Degree: ED.D.
  Year:
           1965
  Corporate Source/Institution: BOSTON UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF EDUCATION (
  Source: VOLUME 28/01-B OF DISSERTATION ABSTRACTS INTERNATIONAL.
           PAGE 84. 140 PAGES
 30/6/1
            (Item 1 from file: 155)
11564508 98456597
                    PMID: 9783258
  The use of VRML in chemical education .
Feb 1998
 30/6/2
            (Item 2 from file: 35)
01655048 ORDER NO: AAD98-38914
EVALUATION OF A CONSTRUCTIVIST USE OF MOLECULAR MODELING IN FIRST YEAR
COLLEGE CHEMISTRY
          1998
  Year:
 30/6/3
            (Item 3 from file: 437)
           H.W. WILSON RECORD NUMBER: BEDI98021456
Computer applications in the biomolecular sciences. Part 1: Molecular
  modelling
19980400
            (Item 4 from file: 437)
 30/6/4
         H.W. WILSON RECORD NUMBER: BEDI98024351
0668705
 Models and molecules --a workshop on stereoisomers
19980700
 30/6/5
            (Item 5 from file: 94)
         JICST ACCESSION NUMBER: 97A0383551 FILE SEGMENT: JICST-E
03364688
Cooperative phenomena of polymer solution. ( The Ministry of Education ,
    Science and Culture S ). , 1997
 30/6/6
            (Item 6 from file: 5)
10460608
          BIOSIS NO.: 199699081753
A global taxonomy of loops in globular proteins.
1996
            (Item 7 from file: 5)
 30/6/7
           BIOSIS NO.: 199698770849
10315931
New approaches in molecular structure prediction.
1996
            (Item 8 from file: 2)
 30/6/8
5376752 INSPEC Abstract Number: C9611-7810C-012
 Title: The evaluation of integrated courseware: can interactive molecular
```

modelling help students understand three - dimensional chemistry?

Publication Date: May 1996 Copyright 1996, IEE

30/6/9 (Item 9 from file: 34)

05104746 Genuine Article#: VA568 Number of References: 25

Title: COMPUTERIZED MOLECULAR MODELING AS A TOOL TO IMPROVE CHEMISTRY TEACHING (Abstract Available)

30/6/10 (Item 10 from file: 35)

01540651 ORDER NO: AAD97-12663

VISUALIZATION OF STEREOCHEMISTRY: THE COMPARISON OF COMPUTER-ANIMATED, HAND-HELD, AND TWO-DIMENSIONAL REPRESENTATIONS OF MOLECULAR MODELS Year: 1996

30/6/11 (Item 11 from file: 1)

00936097 ERIC NO.: EJ534852 CLEARINGHOUSE NO.: SE556936

Computer ${\it Modelling}$ of Biological ${\it Molecules}$: Free Resources on the Internet.

1996 (19960000)

30/6/12 (Item 12 from file: 103)

03745116 EDB-94-161082

Title: Molecular modeling of fullerenes with modular origami

Title: 208th ACS national meeting

Conference title: 208. American Chemical Society national meeting

Publication Date: 1994

30/6/13 (Item 13 from file: 94)

02029914 JICST ACCESSION NUMBER: 94A0356693 FILE SEGMENT: JICST-E Development of an Electronic Picture Book of Molecules III. A volume of Proteins and Nucleic Acids., 1994

30/6/16 (Item 16 from file: 437)

0299508 H.W. WILSON RECORD NUMBER: BEDI94011691

Data-driven chemistry: building models of molecular structure

(literally) from electron diffraction data

19940200

30/6/17 (Item 17 from file: 155)

07857450 93313130 PMID: 8324196

Teaching electron diffraction and imaging of macromolecules. May 1993

30/6/18 (Item 18 from file: 1)

00853048 ERIC NO.: ED361212 CLEARINGHOUSE NO.: SE053638

A Case Study of the Introduction of RISC-based Computing and a Telecommunications Link to a Suburban High School.

April 1993 (19930400)

30/6/19 (Item 19 from file: 155)

07403536 92266816 PMID: 1726080

Six years of protein structure determination by NMR spectroscopy: what have we learned?
1991

30/6/20 (Item 20 from file: 155)

91208083 PMID: 1708280 06967600

PC-based molecular modeling in the classroom: applications to medicinal chemistry and biochemistry. Mar 1991

30/6/21 (Item 21 from file: 1)

00744241 ERIC NO.: EJ419062 CLEARINGHOUSE NO.: SE547043 Learning the Visualisation of Rotations in Diagrams of Three Dimensional Structures. 1990 (19900000)

(Item 22 from file: 1) 30/6/22

00740799 ERIC NO.: EJ415620 CLEARINGHOUSE NO.: SE546686 Keeping Track of Directions of Atomic Orbitals. 1990 (19900000)

30/6/23 (Item 23 from file: 94)

JICST ACCESSION NUMBER: 89A0509103 FILE SEGMENT: JICST-E 00760878 Modelling of steric molecular structure by computation (3D -molmaster). Part 7. Program for making input data for PSI/77., 1989

(Item 24 from file: 1)

00687838 ERIC NO.: EJ387860 CLEARINGHOUSE NO.: SE544239 Construction of the Seven Basic Crystallographic Units. 1989 (19890000)

(Item 25 from file: 1) 30/6/25

00687837 ERIC NO.: EJ387859 CLEARINGHOUSE NO.: SE544238 Carbohydrate Stereochemistry. 1989 (19890000)

30/6/26 (Item 26 from file: 94)

JICST ACCESSION NUMBER: 89A0619241 FILE SEGMENT: JICST-E 00798047 A method of three - dimensional display of the predicted higher order structures of proteins. Report of the results of research (general research B) supported by the grants-in-aid for scientific research in 1987. (Sponsor: Ministry of Education), 1988

30/6/27 (Item 27 from file: 121)

00011619 SUBFILE: British Education Theses Index (BETI)

The relation between the use of molecular models , the development of spatial orientation ability and cognitive attainment in organic chemistry in Egyptian secondary schools

PUBLICATION YEAR(S): 1988

(Item 28 from file: 2) 30/6/28

03234253 INSPEC Abstract Number: A88126823

Title: The mounting of stereo slides for projecting molecular models Publication Date: Dec. 1987

(Item 30 from file: 1) 30/6/30

00626984 ERIC NO.: EJ351384 CLEARINGHOUSE NO.: SE540438 Tangent Sphere Model. An Analog to Chemical Structure. 1986 (19860000)

(Item 31 from file: 1) 30/6/31

00626966 ERIC NO.: EJ351366 CLEARINGHOUSE NO.: SE540403 A Procedure for Preparing Models of Receptor Sites. 1986 (19860000)

30/6/32 (Item 32 from file: 1)

00623551 ERIC NO.: EJ347951 CLEARINGHOUSE NO.: SE539917 A Novel Method for Assigning R, S Labels to Enantiomers. 1986 (19860000)

30/6/33 (Item 33 from file: 1)

00596701 ERIC NO.: EJ333575 CLEARINGHOUSE NO.: SE539046 Crystal Model Kits for Use in the General Chemistry Laboratory. 1986 (19860000)

30/6/34 (Item 34 from file: 1)

00595261 ERIC NO.: EJ332135 CLEARINGHOUSE NO.: SE538920 An Easily Constructed Cuboctahedron Model. 1985 (19850000)

30/6/35 (Item 35 from file: 1)

00595259 ERIC NO.: EJ332133 CLEARINGHOUSE NO.: SE538918 Stereoscopic Projection in Organic Chemistry: Bridging the Gap between Two and Three Dimensions.
1985 (19850000)

30/6/36 (Item 36 from file: 1)

00570666 ERIC NO.: EJ320343 CLEARINGHOUSE NO.: SE537705
The Factor Structure for Mental Rotations of Three - Dimensional
Structures Represented in Diagrams.
1985 (19850000)

30/6/37 (Item 37 from file: 1)

00560852 ERIC NO.: EJ310529 CLEARINGHOUSE NO.: SE536754

Three - Dimensional Pointers for Stereoscopic Projection.
1984 (19840000)

30/6/38 (Item 38 from file: 1)

00506942 ERIC NO.: EJ284493 CLEARINGHOUSE NO.: SE533924 Molecular Recognition in Drug Research.

May 1983 (19830500)

30/6/40 (Item 40 from file: 2)

01241155 INSPEC Abstract Number: A78073817

Title: Molecular models based on Petri dishes
Publication Date: Jan. 1978

30/6/41 (Item 41 from file: 2)

01109634 INSPEC Abstract Number: A77078936

Title: A simplified molecular model of t-RNA for use as a teaching aid Publication Date: May 1977

30/6/42 (Item 42 from file: 1)

00284540 ERIC NO.: EJ154173 CLEARINGHOUSE NO.: SE518395 Stereoscopic Diagrams Prepared by a Desk Calculator and Plotter 1977 (19770000)

ASRC Searcher: Jeanne Horrigan Serial 09/932304 July 22, 2003 30/6/43 (Item 43 from file: 1) 00211427 ERIC NO.: EJ113220 CLEARINGHOUSE NO.: SE512648 3 - D Structure of Molecules of Biological Significance 1974 (19740000) (Item 44 from file: 1) 30/6/44 00211361 ERIC NO.: EJ113154 CLEARINGHOUSE NO.: SE512404 Selective Focused Projection of Molecular Structures and Other Three -Dimensional Arrays 1974 (19740000) (Item 45 from file: 2) 30/6/45 INSPEC Abstract Number: A73061976 00557376 Title: Films of rotating molecular models ; The stereoscopic effect Publication Date: June 1973 (Item 46 from file: 1) 30/6/46 00114442 ERIC NO.: EJ057098 CLEARINGHOUSE NO.: SE505799 The Use of Molecular Models in an Introductory Course on the Chemistry of the Silicates 1972 (19720000) (Item 14 from file: 1) 30/9/14 DIALOG(R) File 1: ERIC (c) format only 2003 The Dialog Corporation. All rts. reserv. 00869839 ERIC NO.: EJ493807 CLEARINGHOUSE NO.: SE553313 Modeling Molecules . Streitberger, H. Eric Science Teacher, v61 n6 p46-48 Sep 1994 1994 (19940000) ISSN: 0036-8555 LANGUAGE: English DOCUMENT TYPE: 80 (Journal articles); 143 (Reports--Research) RECORD TYPE: ABSTRACT JOURNAL ANNOUNCEMENT: CIJMAR1995 Describes a method that uses ping-pong balls to construct 3 - D models of covalent molecules to represent Group I-VIII atoms. (ZWH) DESCRIPTORS: Chemistry; Demonstrations (Science); * Models; * Molecular Structure ; Science Education ; Science Instruction; Secondary Education (Item 15 from file: 437) 30/9/15 DIALOG(R) File 437: Education Abstracts (c) 2003 The HW Wilson Co. All rts. reserv. H.W. WILSON RECORD NUMBER: BEDI94028854 0316570 Modeling atoms & molecules : a new lesson for upper elementary & middle school students Schwaner, Terry D Petty, John T; Schwaner, Lila A The American Biology Teacher (Am Biol Teach) v. 56 (Nov./Dec. '94) p. 488-91 DOCUMENT TYPE: Feature Article ISSN: 0002-7685 LANGUAGE: English RECORD STATUS: New record ABSTRACT: A hands-on approach that helps students to visualize the simplest concepts of atomic structure is described. Using balloons and

ball bearings, models that present a $\,$ 3 - $\,$ D $\,$ visualization of the 2-D Bohr model format were constructed. The single most important aspect of the approach is that it presents a dynamic view of how electrons spinning in orbitals determine much of the spatial structure and consequently the function of atoms and molecules. The lesson has been very favorably received by elementary and middle school teachers and students. DESCRIPTORS:

Molecules--Models; Science-- Teaching --Elementary schools; Nuclear models; Science-- Teaching --Middle schools

30/9/39 (Item 39 from file: 1)

DIALOG(R)File 1:ERIC

(c) format only 2003 The Dialog Corporation. All rts. reserv.

00505598 ERIC NO.: EJ283149 CLEARINGHOUSE NO.: SE533797

Giant Atomic and Molecular Models and Other Lecture Demonstration Devices Designed for Concrete Operational Students.

Battino, Rubin

Journal of Chemical Education, v60 n6 p485-88 Jun 1983

June 1983 (19830600)

LANGUAGE: English

DOCUMENT TYPE: 80 (Journal articles); 141 (Reports--Descriptive)

RECORD TYPE: ABSTRACT

JOURNAL ANNOUNCEMENT: CIJOCT1983

TARGET AUDIENCE: Practitioners

Describes the design, construction, and use of oversize lecture-demonstration atomic/molecular models. These models appeal to both concrete and formal operational students. Also describes construction and use of an "spdf" sandwich board and an experiment using attribute blocks.

DESCRIPTORS: Atomic Structure; *Chemistry; *College Science; Demonstrations (Educational); Developmental Stages; Display Aids; Higher Education ;

* Models ; * Molecular Structure ; Science Activities; Science Education ; *Science Experiments; Three Dimensional Aids

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File 350: Derwent WPIX 1963-2003/UD, UM &UP=200346
File 347: JAPIO Oct 1976-2003/Mar(Updated 030703)
File 371:French Patents 1961-2002/BOPI 200209
               Description
Set
        Items
               MOLECUL? (3N) MODEL????
$1
          382
        48540
                TEACH ??? OR EDUCAT? OR LEARN ???
S2
S3
        98004
                AMINO()ACID? ?
      6969755
$4
       542935
               THREE
S5
      1370277
S6
s7
      180059
               DIMENSIONAL
        31174
S8
                3 D
S9
       128842
                PHYSICAL
          144
                IC=G09B-023/26
S10
S11
       121812
                $4:$5()$6:$7 OR $8
S12
           1
                S1 AND S9 AND S11 AND S10
S13
         55
               S1 AND S10
S14
          12
               S11 AND S13
S15
           11
               S14 NOT S12
S16
           3
               $15/2000:2003
S17
           8
                S15 NOT S16
S18
            3
                S1 AND S3 AND S10
S19
            1
                S18 NOT S14
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12/26, TI/1 (Item 1 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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009675474

WPI Acc No: 1993-369027/199346

Appts. used in molecular modelling - comprises storage device holding commands casuing data processor to determine effective Born radii for each atom in molecule

17/7/1 (Item 1 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

010628587 **Image available**

WPI Acc No: 1996-125540/199613

3-dimensional molecular structural model for use in chemical and educational fields - obtains model constituted by hollow polygonal bodies formed by bending and interconnecting end faces of board shape parts together

Patent Assignee: MISUI T (MISU-I)

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
JP 8022244 A 19960123 JP 95140991 A 19950501 199613 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 94161681 A 19940502

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

JP 8022244 A 13 G09B-023/26

Abstract (Basic): JP 8022244 A

The 3D molecular structural model has a plastic board shaped part provided with a central hole. The board shaped part is made into hexagonal or a equilateral triangle structure by suitably shaping. Another similar board shaped part is formed and connected to the first board shaped part.

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17/13/1 (Item 1 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

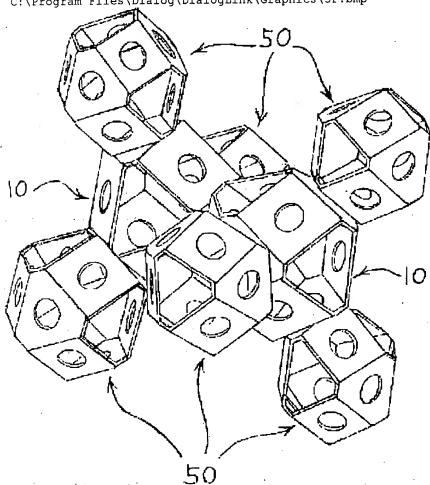
(c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

010628587 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 1996-125540/199613

XRPX Acc No: N96-105650

3 - dimensional molecular structural model for use in chemical and educational fields - obtains model constituted by hollow polygonal bodies formed by bending and interconnecting end faces of board shape parts together

C:\Program Files\Dialog\DialogLink\Graphics\3F.bmp



An inclined part is connected to the connection line between the board shaped parts. The end faces of the board shaped parts are bent and interconnected suitably. A molecular model is obtained with a resultant hollow polygonal bodies. A number of planes are connected through the central hole.

ADVANTAGE - Simplifies operation and structure.

Dwg.1/21

Derwent Class: P85

International Patent Class (Main): G09B-023/26

International Patent Class (Additional): G09B-023/24

17/7/2 (Item 2 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

(c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

008097272 **Image available**

WPI Acc No: 1989-362384/198949

Forming chemical structures atom- molecular models - using vol. modules whose centres and central axles of connecting rods are marked by X-ray contrast coating

Patent Assignee: TARTU UNIV (UYTA-R)

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week

SU 1458884 A 19890215 SU 3725824 A 19840305 198949 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): SU 3725824 A 19840305

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

SU 1458884 A 4

Abstract (Basic): SU 1458884 A

The method includes in connecting plastic modules (1) using connecting rods (2), simulating valance forces and correcting two-hedron angles of the connected modules by comparing the model's contour to an image of iso-lines chart of electron density along given cross-section and natural structure. For more accurate construction vol type modules are used and the electron density iso-line charts, modules centres and the central axes of the plastic connecting rods are marked by X-ray contrast substance. The comparison of the contours is performed by sequential . projecting of the model cross-sections onto the corresp. electron density charts using X-ray.

USE/ADVANTAGE - As method for constructing three - dimensional models of structures of chemical substances and their further investigation. Improved accuracy. Bul.6/15.2.89

Derwent Class: J04; P85

1/9

International Patent Class (Additional): G09B-023/26

17/7/3 (Item 3 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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004449330

WPI Acc No: 1985-276208/198544

Spatial molecular structure model - of plastic modules simulating atoms and joints with X-ray contrast centres

Patent Assignee: MIKELSAAR R-K N (MIKE-I); TARTUS UNIV (TART-R); TARTUSA UNIV (UYTA-R)

Inventor: MIKELSAAR R K N

predicted

17/13/2 (Item 2 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

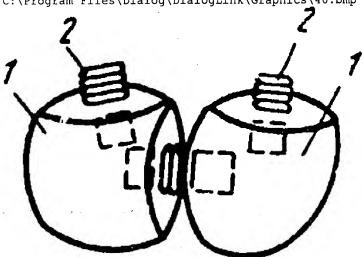
(c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.

008097272 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 1989-362384/198949

XRAM Acc No: C89-160970 XRPX Acc No: N89-275372

Forming chemical structures atom- molecular models - using vol. modules whose centres and central axles of connecting rods are marked by X-ray contrast coating

C:\Program Files\Dialog\DialogLink\Graphics\40.bmp



Number of Countries: 010 Number of Patents: 013

Patent Family:

. .		121	n - + -	70	liant No	Kind	Date	Week	
Pater	nt No	Kind	Date		olicat No	KING			
WO 85	504745	A	19851024	WO	84SU21	Α	19840412	198544	В
SE 85	505300	Α	19851108					198604	
DE 34	490690	T	19860220	DE	3490690	Α	19840418	198609	
FR 25	568392	A ´	19860131	FR	8412078	Α	19840730	198611	
NL 84	420201	Α	19860303					198615	
GB 23	167593	Α	19860529	GB	8530436	Α	19840404	198622	
FI 85	504687	Α	19851127					198640	
JP 6:	1502145	M·	19860925	JP	84502956	Α	19840418	198645	
US 46	622014	Α	19861111	US	85798695	Α	19851108	198648	
HU 42	2647	T	19870728					198733	
GB 2	167593	В	19880217	GB	8430436	Α	19840418	198807	
CH 66	65498	Α	19880513					198824	
DE 34	490690	С	19890615	DE	3490690	Α	19860220	198924	

Priority Applications (No Type Date): WO 84SU21 A 19840412; DE 3490690 A 19860220; DE 3490690 A 19840418; FR 8412078 A 19840730; GB 8530436 A 19840404; GB 8430436 A 19840418; JP 84502956 A 19840418; US 85798695 A 19851108

Cited Patents: 1.Jnl.Ref; GB 1149763

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

WO 8504745 A R 10

Designated States (National): CH DE FI GB HU JP NL SE US

Abstract (Basic): WO 8504745 A

The three - dimensional model of a molecular structure uses modules, made of plastic material, each of which simulates one atom. The radius of each module corresponds to the van der Waals radius of the atom and the distance from its centre to the surface corresponds to the covalent radius of the atom. Cylindrical stems with bulges and grooves fit into openings to join the modules and to simulate the chemical bonds. A sphere in the centre and inserts in the stems are made of X-ray contrast material (metal).

ADVANTAGE - Such models are ideal for taking radiographs for a precise determn. of the atomic coordinates and bonds and for a comparison with electronic densitograms.

0/6

Abstract (Equivalent): GB 2167593 B

A three - dimensional model of a molecular structure, comprising plastic modules each imitating one atom of the molecular structure being modelled and having a generally cylindrical socket or sockets, adjacent modules being inter-connected by connecting members of a generally cylindrical shape fitted in the sockets of the adjacent modules, each module containing a spherical or part-spherical element located on an extension of the axis of the or each socket of the module, and each connecting member containing an insert extending axially thereof, only the spherical elements and the inserts being made of an X-ray contrast material, in order to produce on an X-ray photograph of the model images representing the centres of the atoms and imitations of the chemical bonds of the modelled molecular structure.i

Abstract (Equivalent): US 4622014 A

The model comprises plastics modules imitating each one atom of the molecular structure being modelled, interconnected by connectors of a cylindrical shape receivable in the sockets of each module. The shape

of the sockets complements the shape of the connector.

Each plastics module has arranged centrally of it an element shaped as a sphere or a part of a sphere. Each connector includes an insert extending axially. The spherically-shaped element and the insert are made of an X-ray contrast material to produce on an X-ray photograph of the model, images of the centres of the plastics modules and representations of the chemical bonds of the modelled molecular structure.

USE - A three - dimensional model of a molecular structure for employment for making X-ray photographs. (4pp)n
Derwent Class: J04; P85
International Patent Class (Additional): G09B-023/26

17/7/4 (Item 4 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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004122358

WPI Acc No: 1984-267899/198443

Model molecule - comprises plastics imitation atoms in cyclic connection, each with common point of contact

Patent Assignee: UNIV TARTU (UYTU-R)

Inventor: MIKELSAAR R K N

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week SE 8403974 A 19841008 SE 843974 A 19840803 198443 B Priority Applications (No Type Date): WO 82SU36 A 19821224 Abstract (Basic): SE 8403974 A

The **three** - **dimensional molecule** structure **model** comprises modules (1,2) of plastics, each of which represents an atom, which are connected to one another. The modules imitate atoms in cyclic connection, and each comprises a polyhedron.

Adjacent polyhedra are in contact with each other along their edge surfaces, and have a common point, with the sum of the angles formed by the contacting polyhedra being greater than 360 degrees

Derwent Class: P85

International Patent Class (Additional): G09B-023/26

17/7/5 (Item 5 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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003860428

WPI Acc No: 1984-005955/198402

Three-dimensional molecular structure model - comprises plastics modules fitted together by corrugated ties fitting into corresponding housings

Patent Assignee: MIKELSAAR R-KN (MIKE-I); TARTUSA UNIV (UYTA-R); TARTUSK UNIV (UYTA-N); UNIV TARTUS (UYTA-R)

Inventor: MIKELSAAR R K

Number of Countries: 010 Number of Patents: 012

Patent Family:

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Patent No	Kind	Date	Applicat No	Kind	Date	Week	
BE 897076	Α	19831219	BE 897076	Α	19830607	198402	В
WO 8401846	Α	19840510	WO 82SU35	Α	19821224	198420	
FR 2535091	Α	19840427				198422	
SE 8403312	Α	19840820				198436	
GB 2139399	Α	19841107	GB 8414538	Α	19820618	198445	

DE 3249605 T 19841213 DE 3249605 A 19821224 198451

 JP 59501923
 W 19841115
 198501

 FI 8402426
 A 19840614
 198519

 GB 2139399
 B 19860702
 GB 8214538
 A 19821224
 198627

US 4702702 A 19871027 US 86847435 A 19860604 198745 CH 666136 A 19880630 198828

CH 666136 A 19880630 198828 HU 47754 T 19890328 198917

Priority Applications (No Type Date): SU 3500354 A 19821025; SU 3500353 A 19821025

Cited Patents: 1.Jnl.Ref; DE 582559; US 2882617; US 3251260

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

BE 897076 A 6

WO 8401846 A R

Designated States (National): CH DE FI GB HU JP SE US

Abstract (Basic): GB 2139399 A

A three - ldimensional model of molecular structure, comprising plastic modules each representing one atom of the molecular structure being simulated, the modules being interlinked by connecting elements fitted in sockets of the modules, whereby a single element interlinks two modules, which are capable of being brought into contact with each other, the said sockets matching the shape of the connecting element, each connecting element being in the form of a cylindrical rod whose entire surface, as well as the mating surface of the sockets of the modules,

has smoothly curved projections alternating with depressions of the same shape so

as to establish a ridge-and-recess joint when the connecting element is fitted in the socket.

BE 897076 A

The **three** - **dimensional** model has plastics modules (1), each representing an atom of the molecular structure. These are connected by assembly parts (2) introduced into housings in each module. The housing shape matches that of the assembly parts, which are basically cylindrical.

The surface of both are corrugated (3,6,4,7), with alternate matching ridges and hollows. The ridges (3) and hollows (4) are made so that their axes are parallel to that of the assembly part. The entry zone (5) of each housing is conical and the model has pivoted hand grips for easy handling.

1/3

Abstract (Equivalent): GB 2139399 B

A three - dimensional model of molecular structure, comprising plastic modules each representing one atom of the molecular structure being simulated, the modules being interlinked by connecting elements fitted in sockets of the modules, whereby a single element interlinks two modules, which are capable of being brought into contact with each other, the said sockets matching the shape of the connecting element, each connecting element being in the form of a cylindrical rod whose entire surface, as well as the mating surface of the sockets of the modules, has smoothly curved projections alternating with depressions of the same shape so as to establish a ridge-and-recess joint when the connecting element is fitted in the socket.

Abstract (Equivalent): US 4702702 A

The three - dimensional model of molecular structure comprises plastics modules, each representing one atom of the molecular

structing being simulated. These are interlinked through connecting elements fitted in sockets of each module. The sockets are shaped to suit the shape of the connecting element.

Each connecting element includes a cylindrical rod made of a compact plastic. The entire surface, as well as the mating surface of the sockets of each module, is provided with easily curved projections alternating with depressions of the same shape to establish a ridge-and-recess joint and adjoin the modules to each other when the connecting element is fitted in the socket.

USE - Three dimensional model of molecular structure. (9pp)

Derwent Class: P85

Abstract (Basic): BE 897042 A

International Patent Class (Additional): B25B-009/04; B25B-027/02;
G09B-023/26

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(Item 6 from file: 350)
 17/7/6
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
WPI Acc No: 1984-000039/198401
 Modular mouldings to represent molecular structure - shaped for
  assembling non-planar structure
Patent Assignee: MIKELSAAR R-K N (MIKE-I); UNIV TARTUS (UYTA-R)
Inventor: MIKELSAAR R K N
Number of Countries: 011 Number of Patents: 013
Patent Family:
             Kind Date
                            Applicat No
                                          Kind
                                                 Date
                                                          Week
Patent No
BE 897042
             A 19831214 BE 897042
                                          A 19830614 198401 B
                19840705 WO 82SU36
                                           A
                                               19821224 198428
WO 8402599
              Α
                 19840817 FR 832337
                                          Α
                                               19830214 198438
FR 2541025
              Α
              T
                 19850110 DE 3249651
                                               19821224 198503
DE 3249651
                 19850130 GB 8221245
                                               19821224 198505
GB 2143069
              Α
                                           Α
HU 34091
              T . 19850128
              W 19850207 JP 83500379
                                               19820617 198512
JP 60500186
FI 8403248
             A 19840816
CS 8300335
             Α
                19850613
                                                         198541
GB 2143069
             B 19860508
                                                         198619
CH 665916
              Α
                 19880615
                                                         198828
DE 3249651
              С
                 19890330
                                                         198913
             A 19890314 US 84638478
                                               19840719 198913
US 4812128
                                           Α
Priority Applications (No Type Date): BE 897042 A 19830614; DE 3249651 A
  19821224; FR 832337 A 19830214; GB 8221245 A 19821224; JP 83500379 A
  19820617; WO 82SU36 A 19821224
Cited Patents: GB 1125840; US 3841001
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                        Main IPC
                                   Filing Notes
BE 897042
             Α
WO 8402599
             A R
   Designated States (National): CH DE FI GB HU JP SE US
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Modular models of atoms or radicals in specific valency forms for assembling molecular structures include some in which the sum of the angles produced by modules coupled face to face can be greater than 360 deg.

Arrangement allows representation of non-planar structures, including 'boat', 'gauche' or 'chair' formats. The modules typically have plane faces with cavities to be linked by press-fit ties. The

plane faces may be derived from a common apex and may extend to one or more radii. Describes use to construct a model of desoxyribose using modular components with apex angles of 70 or 76 deg.C, to produce structures in which the sum of the included angles is 374 deg to 526 deg. The modules may be moulded from plastics materials.

0/6

Abstract (Equivalent): GB 2143069 B

A three - dimensional molecular model comprising plastic modules, each representing one atom of a molecular structure, which are connected to one another, plastic modules intended for imitation of atoms of cyclic compounds are each made as a polyhedron, which are placed within rhe model so that adjacent polyhedrons have their faces touching and a common apex, characterised in that, in order to put together a model of an aplanar cyclic compound of at least three plastic modules, the plastic modules of the model are made so that the sum of the angles formed by adjacent faces of polyhedrons of the modules is more than 360 deg.

Abstract (Equivalent): US 4812128 A

A three - dimensional molecular model comprises at least three plastic modules of polyhedral shape connected together to similar atoms of aplanar cyclic compounds. The model uses no more than five constituent elements in each of the molecules formed and adj. plastic modules are arranged with faces touching with a common apex and a sum of angles formed by the faces of total more than 360 degrees. Pref. the model modules are mode of irregular polyhedral shape. Pref. the modules are tetrahedrous with sockets for interconnection to hemispheres on peripheral facets.

 \mbox{USE} - For scientific research and instructive purpose presentation of $\mbox{\ \ three}$ - $\mbox{\ \ dimensional}$ structures.

(5pp

Derwent Class: A32; P85

International Patent Class (Additional): C09B-023/26; G09B-023/26;
G09B-027/02

17/7/7 (Item 1 from file: 347)

DIALOG(R) File 347: JAPIO

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05066744 **Image available**

THREE - DIMENSIONAL STRUCTURE MODEL OF MOLECULE

PUB. NO.: 08-022244 [JP 8022244 A] PUBLISHED: January 23, 1996 (19960123)

INVENTOR(s): MITSUMIZU TAKAMURA

APPLICANT(s): MITSUMIZU TAKAMURA [000000] (An Individual), JP (Japan)

APPL. NO.: 07-140991 [JP 95140991] FILED: May 01, 1995 (19950501)

ABSTRACT

PURPOSE: To make the spread of electron cloud three-dimensionally appealing to visual sensation like a spaced packing type even different from any type of the spaced pack ing type, a skelton type and a sphere-bar type by assembling specific hollow fourteen- faced polyhedrons, etc., as atom models and connecting a plurality thereof, thereby constituting a three dimensional molecular model.

CONSTITUTION: This three - dimensional molecular model is assembled of two pieces of carbon atom models 10 and six pieces of hydrogen atom models 50. The models 10 and the models 50 are the resembling hollow fourteen-faced polyhedrons composed of the plural planes of resembling

hexagonal and square plates. The one side of the planes constituting the models 10, i.e., the respective ridges of the cubes are longer than the models 50 and, therefore, the models 10 are formed larger over the entire part. The hollow fourteen-faced polyhedrons constituting the models 10 have four sheets each of the plane parts of the hexagonal shape. First, the arbitrary plane parts of the hexagonal shape of two pieces of the models 10 are connected by connecting parts. Next, total six pieces of the models 50 are connected to all of the plane parts of the hexagonal shape of remaining three sheets each, by which the assembly is completed. As a result, the molecule form as the spread of a nuclear cloud is expressed and the expression of the coupling angles, coupling lengths, etc., is made possible as well.

17/7/8 (Item 2 from file: 347)

DIALOG(R) File 347: JAPIO

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03579780 **Image available**

ATOM AND MOLECULE MODEL

PUB. NO.: 03-242680 [JP 3242680 A] PUBLISHED: October 29, 1991 (19911029)

INVENTOR(s): SATO MIYOSHI

APPLICANT(s): SATO MIYOSHI [000000] (An Individual), JP (Japan)

APPL. NO.: 02-040560 [JF 9040560] FILED: February 21, 1990 (19900221) ABSTRACT

PURPOSE: To obtain the inexpensive atom and **molecule model** which can be used by all students on a teaching site by three-dimensionally assembling plural sheets of disk plates having slits for coupling to a spherical structure.

CONSTITUTION: The disk plates 3 to 6 consisting of paper, plastic, etc. provided wit the respective slits 1, 2 for coupling are assembled to the three - dimensional structure by the respective slits 1, 2 for coupling to form the respective atom models 10, 11. Further, the respective atom models are freely attachably and detachably combined with the prescribed other atom models 10, 11, by the slits 1, 2 for coupling at need, by which the molecule model 15 is formed.

19/7,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX
(c) 2003 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
013855240 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2001-339453/200136
Molecular structure model for skeleto
portions with different external appearan

Molecular structure model for skeleton structure has plate-shaped portions with different external appearance based on kind of atom, ion or group on vertex and coupling kind on intersection and ridge lines

Patent Assignee: ISHIHARA S (ISHI-I)

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
JP 2001092349 A 20010406 JP 99269728 A 19990924 200136 B
Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 99269728 A 19990924
Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes JP 2001092349 A 7 G09B-023/26 Abstract (Basic): JP 2001092349 A

NOVELTY - The plate-shape portions (B1-B6) of a skeleton structure showing a molecular structure without a symmetrical mirror surface, has different external appearance according to the kind of the atom, ion or group shown on the vertex and the kind of coupling on the intersection line and ridge line.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - The central point (CT) and the part of each vertex (P1-P4) express the position of an atom, ion or group. The vertex part in an intersection line and a ridge line shows the coupling between the atoms, ions or groups.

USE - For skeleton structure.

ADVANTAGE - Enables showing difference of array mode of atom or ion or group according to external appearance that is different between plate-shape portions.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the chemical constitution formula showing the structure of amino acid, and the isometric views showing the external appearance of molecular structure model.

Plate-shape portions (B1-B6) Central point (CT) Vertices (P1-P4) pp; 7 DwgNo 1/4

Derwent Class: P85

International Patent Class (Main): G09B-023/26

11/6/1 (Item 1 from file: 348)

01169365

SYSTEM WHICH CAN REVERSIBLY REPRODUCE ITSELF

11/6/2 (Item 2 from file: 348) 01168463

SIMULATION OF CHEMICAL INTERACTIONS

11/6/3 (Item 3 from file: 348) 00167720

Tetrahedral codon stereo-table.

11/6/4 (Item 1 from file: 349) 00565134. **Image available**

SYSTEM WHICH CAN REVERSIBLY REPRODUCE ITSELF

11/6/5 (Item 2 from file: 349) 00565133 **Image available** SIMULATION OF CHEMICAL INTERACTIONS

11/13,AB/6 (Item 3 from file: 349)
DIALOG(R)File 349:PCT FULLTEXT
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00543793 **Image available**
DYNAMIC MODEL OF THE DNA MOLECULE
MODELE DYNAMIQUE DE LA MODULE D'ADN

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

LANGMUIR David B,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 200007166 A1 20000210 (WO 0007166)

Application: WO 99US16827 19990723 (PCT/WO US9916827)

Priority Application: US 9894146 19980725; US 99320432 19990526

Designated States: AU CA IL JP KR MX AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT

LU MC NL PT SE

Publication Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 6191

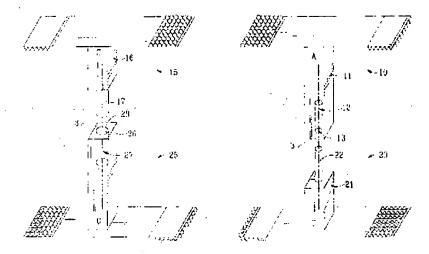
English Abstract

The invention is a dynamic model (5) of the DNA molecule. The invention includes a multiplicity of physical representations of the four nucleotides (10, 15, 20, and 25). Each physical representation is comprised of a T-shaped member (1) having an elongate body (6) attached to a flexible planar member (30). The invention also includes a first joint (14), located at an end of the elongate bodies which physically represent the Adenine base (10) and the Thymine base (20), for attaching the Adenine base (10) to the Thymine base (20), wherein the joint (14) is rotatable. The invention further includes a second joint (18) located at an end of the elongate bodies which physically represent the Guanine base (25) and the Cytosine base (15), for attaching the Guanine base (25) to the Cytosine base (15), wherein the joint (18) is rotatable.

C:\Program Files\Dialog\DialogLink\Graphics\41.bmp

of many

12



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File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS 1978-2003/Jul W02
File 349: PCT FULLTEXT 1979-2002/UB=20030717, UT=20030710
      Items Description
       4849 MOLECUL? (3N) MODEL????
S.1
     121371 TEACH??? OR EDUCAT? OR LEARN???
S2
     114557 AMINO()ACID? ?
s3
    1599764
S 4
             3
     616209 THREE
S 5
S 6
    1763551 D
     132357 DIMENSIONAL
s7
      45212 3D
S8
S 9
     266113 PHYSICAL
          20 IC=G09B-023/26
S10
         6 S3 AND S10
S11
S12
     154725 S4:S5()S6:S7 OR S8
S13
          70 S9(S)S12(S)S1
S14
          0 S10 AND S13
S15
          0 S9(10W)S1(S)S12(10W)S1
         21 S9(10W)S1
S16
S17
         248 S12(10W)S1
S18
          0 S16 AND D17
S19
          2
               S16 AND S17
S20
         14
               S10 NOT S11
19/6/1
          (Item 1 from file: 349)
00331566
PERIPHERAL NERVOUS SYSTEM SPECIFIC SODIUM CHANNELS, DNA ENCODING THEREFOR,
CRYSTALLIZATION, X-RAY DIFFRACTION, COMPUTER MOLECULAR MODELING, RATIONAL
DRUG DESIGN, DRUG SCREENING, AND METHODS OF MAKING AND USING THEREOF
19/6/2
           (Item 2 from file: 349)
00248447
METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR DESIGNING MOLECULAR STRUCTURES USING AN ANALYTICAL
   SOLUTION FOR THE EFFECTIVE BORN RADII
20/6/3
           (Item 3 from file: 348)
01026889
BLOCK
20/6/4
           (Item 4 from file: 348)
00890258
SET OF PIECES FOR FORMING A RECREATIONAL, EDUCATIONAL OR DECORATIVE
   ASSEMBLY OF SPHERICAL ELEMENTS
20/6/5
           (Item 5 from file: 348)
00328105
BUILDING BLOCKS.
20/6/6
           (Item 6 from file: 348)
00148075
Mechanical support module for nucleic acid.
20/6/10
            (Item 2 from file: 349)
00474310
           **Image available**
BLOCK
```

20/3.AB/2 (Item 2 from file: 348) DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS (c) 2003 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv. 01135162 DYNAMIC MODEL OF THE DNA MOLECULE MODELE DYNAMIQUE DE LA MODULE D'ADN PATENT ASSIGNEE: Langmuir, David, (2950530), 350 21st Street, Santa Monica, CA 90402, (US) , (Applicant désignated States: all) INVENTOR: The designation of the inventor has not yet been filed PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): WO 200007166 000210 APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): EP 99935907 990723; WO 99US16827 990723 PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 94146 P 980725; US 320432 990526 DESIGNATED STATES: AT; BE; CH; CY; DE; DK; ES; FI; FR; GB; GR; IE; IT; LI; LU; MC; NL; PT; SE INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: G09B-023/26 LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English (Item 7 from file: 348) 20/3,AB/7 DIALOG(R) File 348: EUROPEAN PATENTS (c) 2003 European Patent Office. All rts. reserv. 00081374 Molecular models. Molekularmodelle. Modeles moleculaires. PATENT ASSIGNEE: MERCK & CO. INC., (200479), 126, East Lincoln Avenue P.O. Box 2000, Rahway New Jersey 07065, (US), (applicant designated states: CH; DE; FR; GB; LI) INVENTOR: Smith, Graham M., 2338 Belvedere Drive, Scotch Plains New Jersey 07076, LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Crampton, Keith John Allen et al , D YOUNG & CO 10 Staple Inn, London WC1V 7RD, (GB) PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 85262 A1 830810 (Basic) EP 85262 B1 860402 APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): EP 82307038 821222; PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 334196 811224 DESIGNATED STATES: CH; DE; FR; GB; LI INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: G09B-023/26; G06F-015/20 ABSTRACT EP 85262 A1

Molecular models.

A molecular model (2-6) of a relatively large molecule or a portion thereof is made up of a series of solid parallel and equidistant cross sections of rigid transparent plastics sheets (2-2,2-7,2-8,2-9) representing space occupied by the atoms in the crystalline state. The adjacent cross sections are generated from x-ray crystal spectroscopic data providing crystal coordinates of the large molecules in computer readable form. Computer tapes of such data are used to print out numbered cross sections of the molecule showing coordinate plots of atoms intersecting such cross sections along a preselected axis. These cross sections are duplicated manually in clear rigid plastics sheets and assembled in order using appropriate spacer blocks (2-1) to maintain

accurate spacing of the adjacent cross section.

ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 126

LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English

20/3,AB/8 (Item 8 from file: 348)
DIALOG(R)File 348:EUROPEAN PATENTS
(c) 2003 European Patent Office. All rts

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Molecular model for chemistry. Molekulmodell fur die Chemie.

Modele moleculaire pour la chimie.

PATENT ASSIGNEE:

TACOMA PRODUCTS, INC., 181, South Thomas Road, Tallmadge Ohio 44278, (US), (applicant designated states: DE;FR;GB;IT;NL;SE)

INVENTOR:

Darling, Stephen D., 3010 Oakridge Drive, Silver Lake Ohio, 44224, (US) Jendrisak, Aloysius A., 2996 Oakridge Drive, Silver Lake Ohio 4424, (US) Bokmiller, David J., 1594A Treetop Trail, Akron Ohio 44313, (US) LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Slight, Geoffrey Charles et al , Graham Watt & Co. Riverhead, Sevenoaks Kent TN13 2BN, (GB)

PATENT (CC, No, Kind, Date): EP 32040 Al 810715 (Basic) EP 32040 B1 850320

APPLICATION (CC, No, Date): EP 80304665 801222;

PRIORITY (CC, No, Date): US 110363 800108 DESIGNATED STATES: DE; FR; GB; IT; NL; SE INTERNATIONAL PATENT CLASS: G09B-023/26 ABSTRACT EP 32040 A1

Molecular model for chemistry.

Molecular model building members for the formation of models of molecules and compounds primarily in the field of organic chemistry. Model building members (10, 60) are dimensionally accurate, can be interconnected and/or interlocked, when they are rotatable about their axes, and can thus be used to form specific molecular models. Model building members depicting a double molecular bond (80) and a triple molecular bond (90) can be interconnected and/or interlocked with the model building members (10, 60). All of the aforementioned model building members (10, 60, 80 and 90) are formed from a polypropylene copolymer material resulting in the members being inherently flexible while retaining sufficient rigidity to depict strain in molecular bonding. Because of this flexibility, the rotatability of the members, and the manner in which the members can be interconnected and/or interlocked, models of all known molecules and compounds in the field of organic chemistry can be formed.

ABSTRACT WORD COUNT: 156

LANGUAGE (Publication, Procedural, Application): English; English; English

20/3,AB/11 (Item 3 from file: 349)

DIALOG(R) File 349:PCT FULLTEXT

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MANIPULATABLE, SPHERICAL EDUCATIONAL AND AMUSEMENT DEVICES DISPOSITIFS SPHERIQUES MANIPULABLES EDUCATIFS ET LUDIQUES

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

WILK Howard J,

Inventor(s):

WILK Howard J,

ASRC Searcher: Jeanne Horrigan

Serial 09/932304 July 22, 2003

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 9005351 Al 19900517

Application: WO 89US4930 19891102 (PCT/WO US8904930)

Priority Application: US 88215 19881104

Designated States: AT BE CH DE FR GB IT JP LU NL SE

Publication Language: English Fulltext Word Count: 9670

English Abstract

A device for use as a molecular model or manipulable puzzle includes at least two concentric spheres rotatable with respect to one another and a plurality of at least six inserts extending radially through the concentric spheres. Each of the spheres has at least two great circle channels crossing one another, preferably perpendicularly, each great circle channel receiving at least one and preferably four of eight inserts. The outer spheres are formed by separate, approximately quarter sphere, curved segments which are held together by the inserts. The concentric spheres can be made to rotate with respect to one another by movement of the inserts. In the preferred embodiments, eight inserts are arrangable in cubic orientations forming two sets of four, tetrahedrally-oriented inserts. Three inserts of each set can be manipulated from a tetrahedral orientation with respect to the fourth insert of the set to a tetrahedral orientation with respect to an insert of the other set diametrically opposed to the fourth insert. Unique indicia on the surface of the outer sphere and on cover member portions of the inserts can be used to provide a manipulable puzzle.

20/3,AB/12 (Item 4 from file: 349)

DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT

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00126489

THREE-DIMENSIONAL MODEL OF MOLECULAR STRUCTURE MODELE TRIDIMENSIONNEL DE STRUCTURES MOLECULAIRES

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

TARTUSKY GOSUDARSTVENNY UNIVERSITET,

MIKELSAAR Raik-Khiio Neemeevich,

Inventor(s):

MIKELSAAR Raik-Khiio Neemeevich,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent: WO 8504745 A1 19851024

Application: WO 84SU21 19840412 (PCT/WO SU8400021)

Priority Application: WO 84SU21 19840412 Designated States: CH DE FI GB HU JP NL SE US

Publication Language: Russian

English Abstract

A three-dimensional model of molecular structure comprises plastic modules (1) interconnected by means of connecting elements(2). Each module (1) contains in its centre an element (6) made of a roentgen contrast material whereas an insertion (7) made also of a roentgen contrast material is placed along the longitudinal axis of each connecting element (2).

20/3,AB/13 (Item 5 from file: 349)

DIALOG(R) File 349:PCT FULLTEXT

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00119350

TRIDIMENSIONAL MODEL OF MOLECULAR STRUCTURE MODELE TRIDIMENSIONNEL D'UNE STRUCTURE MOLECULAIRE

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

TARTUSKY GOSUDARSTVENNY UNIVERSITET,

MIKELSAAR Raik-Khiio Neemeevich,

Inventor(s):

MIKELSAAR Raik-Khiio Neemeevich,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent:

WO 8402599 A1 19840705

Application:

WO 82SU36 19821224 (PCT/WO SU8200036)

Priority Application: WO 82SU36 19821224

Designated States: CH DE FI GB HU JP SE US Publication Language: Russian

English Abstract

The tridimensional model of a molecular structure comprises plastic modules (1, 2), which are interconnected, and each of them imitates one atom. The modules (1, 2), which are intended for the imitation of atoms in cyclic compounds, are polyhedrons, and are so arranged in the model that adjacent polyhedrons are joined together by their faces and have a common vertex. The sum of the angles, which are made by adjoined faces of the polyhedrons of the modules (1, 2), exceeds 3600.

20/3,AB/14 (Item 6 from file: 349)

DIALOG(R) File 349: PCT FULLTEXT

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00118603

TRIDIMENSIONAL MODEL OF MOLECULAR STRUCTURE AND ACCESSORY FOR ITS MOUNTING AND DISMOUNTING

MODELE TRIDIMENSIONNEL D'UNE STRUCTURE MOLECULAIRE ET ACCESSOIRE POUR SON MONTAGE ET DEMONTAGE

Patent Applicant/Assignee:

TARTUSKY GOSUDARSTVENNY UNIVERSITET,

MIKELSAAR Raik-Khiio Neemeevich,

Inventor(s):

MIKELSAAR Raik-Khiio Neemeevich,

Patent and Priority Information (Country, Number, Date):

Patent:

WO 8401846 A1 19840510

Application:

WO 82SU35 19821224 (PCT/WO SU8200035)

Priority Application: SU 350035328 19821025; SU 350035428 19821025

Designated States: CH DE FI GB HU JP SE US

Publication Language: Russian

English Abstract

The tridimensional model of a molecular structure comprises plastic modules (1) which are affixed with elements, i.e. cylindrical rods (2). On the whole surface of the rods as well as on the appropriate surface of sockets (5), provided on the modules (1), ribs (3, 6) of smooth shape are formed so that they alternate with grooves (4, 7) having the same shape. For mounting an dismounting the model an accessory is used, of which jaws (15) are bent and provided with enlarged portions (16) in order to grip the module (1). On the inner surface of the jaws (15) wedge-shaped projections (17) are provided in order to simplify the dismounting of the model.



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... ME) Center for Biomolecular Modeling Dr. Tim Herman Director Dr. Michael Patrick File Format: PDF/Adobe Acrobat - View as HTML

Co-Director Robyn ... Dr. Fritz DeVries Dr. Larry Fennigkoh Vito Gervasi Dr. Tim ...

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208.: US Pat Appl 20020076682 Molecular models

... Inventors: Herman, Timothy M.; (Wauwatosa, WI); Patrick, Michael H.; (Pine River, home.att.net/~rppat/ap03a/ap3a_208.htm - 6k - Cached - Similar pages WI); Gervasi, Vito R.; (New Berlin, WI); Vikberg, Gunnar; (Rio ...

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Searched the web for "physical molecular model".

MolySym News

... 12.31.02 MolySym files a provisional patent application entitled, "Method and System for Integrating a Physical Molecular Model with a Computer-Based ... www.molysym.com/site/news.html - 6k - Cached - Similar pages

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... Our first product, LuxMol, allows the user to assemble a physical molecular model in an atom-by-atom fashion that is wirelessly interfaced with real-time ...

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pery A Glossary for Computational Biology

File Format: PDF/Adobe Acrobat - View as HTML

Page 1. A Glossary for Computational Biology Toni Kazic March 5, 2002 1

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File Format: Adobe PostScript - View as Text

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